

MRS. SNYDER AND GRAY ARE EXECUTED; DEMOCRATS PICK HOUSTON; CHEER AL SMITH

POST-SCRIPTS

By
GEORGE ROTHWELL BROWN

"Let us (since life can little more supply
Than just to look about us and to die)
Expatriate free o'er all this scene of man;
A mighty maze! but not without a plan."

The expectant telegraph instrument clicks in every newspaper office in the whole wide world, and the last chapter in the most sordid murder in recent years is written as the wires carry the news to waiting millions that Ruth Snyder and Judd Gray have been paid in full the wages of sin. Hell can have no terrors for those who have already passed through it.

Having long urged the Democrats to nominate Al Smith at Atlanta, Ga., as their party's best bet, the selection of Houston, Tex., as the convention city is a step in the right direction. Now, boys, one bolt will be enough!

The little corset salesman orders the last supper for his blonde paramour. Why waste sympathy on a couple of boob assassins who would have dined on pate de foie gras in Paris yesterday, instead of on chicken and ice cream in Sing Sing, if they had collected that life insurance as they intended?

Ohio lady is indicted for the murder of her husband with a hammer. Mankind learns by experience, not example.

If the demand for immediate tariff revision increases much more in the Senate the Donkey may yet be cheated out of a losing issue.

Mr. Will Rogers isn't the only comedian who is demanding that the Federal taxpayers bear the whole cost of keeping the Mississippi River out of a few back yards.

Mr. Coolidge reminds us as he hops off today that Lindbergh isn't our only good-will ambassador.

The Jacksonian unsterilized try on their new harmony suit and nearly have a fit.

It is understood that the caw belt, down in the wet-drinking, dry-voting South, insists on having an arid candidate whose name would make an easily pronounced campaign slogan, like "Mr. Shosh of Shoshia."

Houston is thrilled by the news, and having no adequate auditorium will build one as soon as Tex Rickard can be consulted.

Up in Al Smith's town they think the next Democratic convention is going to be held in Houston.

Finis Garrett finds that the Democratic party has a multitude of issues, but we fear that, like the fox in the fable, it won't be able to select a good one in a hurry when it hears the hounds baying on its heels.

Mr. Hickman flatters his bloody self if he thinks he could get a fairer trial anywhere in the world than he will get in Los Angeles.

Mr. Wilbur's bid for a \$750,000,000 navy and Mr. Kellogg's new offer to end war indicate that the Administration's left hand always lets its right hand know precisely what it's doing.

Al Smith needn't wait for the National Committee or the National Convention to draft the next party platform—he has written his own, and it's one that the American people will read and not merely clip out and paste in a scrapbook for future perusal, maybe.

Without George Bailey to be master of ceremonies, Bill Sterett to tell the stories, there's going to be something else lacking at the Houston convention besides a candidate and an issue.

This thing of increasing the price of marriage licenses, to \$2 is a reform in the right direction that doesn't go far enough by \$998. If it cost one grand for "the curse of Eden" the sas.weight, murders in this country would be reduced 90 per cent and divorce lawyers would have to go to work for a living.

We trust the grammarians will not criticize Lindbergh because he makes a full stop at a Colon.

We refuse to believe that Mussolini wore a shirt of mail in that duel—it must have been his iron will that blunted the point of the Count's sword.

NEW YORK GOVERNOR URGES PARTY LEADERS AT DINNER TO MEET PROHIBITION ISSUE

"Can Not Carry Water"
on Both Shoulders,
He Writes.

BEGIN ON PLATFORM
NOW, HE SUGGESTS

Favors "Straight" Talk to
Americans in the
Party's Planks.

SPEAKERS TAKE UP
ALL TOUCHY ISSUES

Harmony Spirit Rules at the
Banquet; Crowd Cheers
Woodrow Wilson.

BY CARLISLE BARGERON.

From New York Gov. Alfred E. Smith last night called upon the Democrats assembled here at their institutional Jackson Day dinner feast not to sidestep the prohibition issue or any other one. He was prepared to make known where he stood, he declared in a letter from him read by former Lieut. Gov. George R. Lunn, of New York, not only on this touchy subject, but also of farm relief, foreign relations, reform of the governmental machinery, the Government's economic policy and conservation and development of the national resources.

And he called upon the Democrats not to wait for the convention to write a platform, but let the national committee do it now.

"We can not carry water on both shoulders," he wrote. "The Democratic party must talk out to the American people in no uncertain terms."

Earlier in the day Houston, Tex., was selected as the convention place.

McAdoo on His Feet.

No speaker who was present in person at the dinner received more attention than did the governor, and at the end there was a demonstration, fully two thirds of the crowd rising, cheering and applauding to its feet, and the remaining third reluctantly doing likewise.

Whether it was the intention of this one third, however, not to pay tribute to the governor or whether it was just not in the rising mood, as several speeches had passed before, is not to be known. William Gibbs McAdoo, whose cherished ambitions of many years were thwarted just four years ago by the governor, remained sitting, grinning sheepishly and then with Will Rogers laughing at him, finally rose to his feet.

No Soft-Pedaling.

The fall of a pin could have been heard as the letter was read, its reading, arranged by John W. Davis, the toastmaster, to come after the harmony spirit had gotten well underway. He announced it, as a matter of fact, in sort of a routine way, first letting it be known that the Democratic women would meet tomorrow and then reading it.

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Complete Text of Smith's Letter, Calling on Party to Meet Every Issue

Unable to attend the Jackson dinner here last night, Gov. Alfred E. Smith of New York sent the following letter to Chairman Shaver, which was read at the dinner, by former Lieut. Gov. George R. Lunn, of New York:

"My dear Chairman:

"It is a matter of deep regret that the pressure of official business makes it impossible for me to leave the State. I should like to join with my fellow

Democrats throughout the country in celebrating the birthday of Andrew Jackson. I take it that when a group of Democratic leaders from various parts of the country come together, something must naturally be said of interest to the country and to the party.

"The Democratic party deserves success in the Nation, but, in my opinion,

CONTINUED ON PAGE 5, COLUMN 1.

Democrats Name Houston For 1928 Convention City

Texas Town Wins on Fifth Ballot After Fight Is Made
for San Francisco at Meeting of National
Committee; Will Convene June 26.

With a spirit of unanimity and accord that has not characterized the party for many years, the Democratic national committee yesterday selected Houston, Tex., as the 1928 convention place.

So intent were the Democrats upon giving every appearance of harmony that comparatively unimportant resolutions which may or may not have facilitated the working of the party machinery were side-tracked, and the record will show that the committee was in session but slightly more than four hours, whereas it took the Republicans two days to work out their affairs.

The party will meet June 26 in Houston, going there as a splendid gesture to the Southwest and Jesse Jones, party finance committee chairman, the first time that a major political convention has been held south of the Mason and Dixon line since Wilson was nominated at Balti-

more. It only required five ballots to select the Texas city, and then the spokesmen of all sides toppled over each other to ask that the choice be made unanimous. On the last ballot Houston received 54 votes, while San Francisco received 48 and Detroit received 1. It was the breaking up of the Detroit support, coupled with the switching of Cleveland, that finally determined the convention city.

Selection of Houston was a surprise, a distinct one. It had been mentioned along with Miami, St. Paul and other cities that were expected to make showing for not more than one or two ballots. But on the very first ballot it showed a strength of 30 votes to Detroit's 23 and San Francisco's 25. Even then it was hard to accept it as a real contestant.

But when it went to 37 votes on the second ballot it became apparent that

CONTINUED ON PAGE 5, COLUMN 2.

BELGIANS DESTROY SOVIET'S EXHIBITION

Busts of Lenin and Others
Smashed; Personnel Is
Not molested.

Brussels, Belgium, Jan. 12 (A.P.)—A group of nationalist youths today smashed a Soviet exhibition here, but did no injury to the personnel. The demonstrators, without any intervention by the police, retired from the field leaving leaflets appealing to the population of Brussels to unite against Communist propaganda.

Thirty youths participated in the raid, entering the exhibition as the Communists gathered for a formal opening. The invaders were armed with cudgels and the leader of the band blew a whistle as a signal. The party then divided, some to prevent the exhibition staff from interfering or calling aid, while others set to work smashing exhibits.

Busts of Lenin and other prominent Communists were dashed to the floor and splintered, pictures were smashed, furniture and hangings demolished, and the contents of exhibition shelves swept to the floor.

The present record was set by two German aviators, Johann Bistitz and Cornelius Edzard August 5, 1927.

**Mrs. West Indicted
In Killing of Husband**

Painesville, Ohio, Jan. 12 (A.P.)—Mrs. Velma West, 21-year-old hammer slayer of her husband, Thomas Edward West, was placed in the shadow of death in the electric chair late today when the Lake County grand jury indicted her on a charge of first degree murder.

The widow of the Perry, Ohio, nurseryman was informed of the degree of the charge against her by her attorneys, Richard Postwick and Francis W. Poulin, who visited her in her cell in the Lake County jail. She expressed surprise but made no other comment. Prosecutor Seth Paulin indicated he will demand the extreme penalty for Mrs. West when she is brought to trial. The probable will be arraigned Saturday.

Almaata, Turkistan, Jan. 12 (A.P.)—Reports received by Tass, the Soviet news agency, say that 70 persons have perished in a snowstorm which is sweeping the steppes of the Djetsiluslk district.

The King is said to have told Il Duce to discuss the matter with Crown Prince Humbert, who invited Count Calvi to the conference. While the dis-

KELLOGG RENEWS OFFER TO FRANCE OF PEACE TREATY

Invitation Bars Briand's
"Aggression" Limit to
Antiwar Pact.

CALLS FOR RETURN TO ORIGINAL DRAFT

Secretary Also Renews Re-
quest That All Nations
Be Asked to Join.

(Associated Press)

The United States has renewed its invitation to France for a treaty declaration against wars of all kinds. In a note dated January 11 and made public yesterday, Secretary Kellogg takes exception to Foreign Minister Briand's proposal, contained in the last French note, that the antiwar pact deal only with "wars of aggression" and points out that this contradicts the original French memorandum of last June. Secretary Kellogg quotes from this memorandum and suggests that further negotiations be based on "the original formula submitted by M. Briand, which envisaged the unqualified renunciation of all war as an instrument of national policy."

Secretary Kellogg, in addition, objected to the French proposal, also contained in the last French note, that the suggested multilateral treaty be signed in the first instance by the United States and France only and then be submitted to other powers for endorsement.

Should such a procedure be followed, the American note pointed out, it could very possibly happen that the treaty might, for any given reason, not be acceptable to the other chief nations and thereby might lose its multilateral aspect and might, through its wording, be binding only on the two original signatories.

Joint Communication Favored.

Secretary Kellogg expressed the hope that the French government would agree to replace the procedure it had suggested with preliminary conversations with the other great powers "for the purpose of reaching a preliminary agreement as to the language to be used in the proposed treaty, thus obviating all danger of confronting the other powers with a definitive treaty unacceptable to them."

In case the French government accepted both the proposition discontinuing negotiations on the basis of the original Briand formula and the suggestion of including other powers in the conversations, Secretary Kellogg said he had "the honor to suggest that the government of France join with

CONTINUED ON PAGE 9, COLUMN 3.

Hickman Will Seek A Change of Venue

Los Angeles, Jan. 12 (A.P.)—Attorney Richard Cantillon, one of the attorneys representing William Edward Hickman, kidnaper and slayer of Marion Parker, announced today he would seek a change of venue for the trial of Hickman January 26. Cantillon said that his client could not get a fair trial in Los Angeles County.

Fireworks Explosion
Kills 17 Japanese

Kurume, Japan, Jan. 12 (A.P.)—Seventeen workmen were killed in a fireworks factory today when an explosion wrecked the building.

Mussolini Injured in Duel With Count, Paper States

Croatian Report Is That Calvi, King's Son-in-Law, Finding Duce Is Wearing Armor Under Jacket, Cries "Coward" and Hurls Sword at Him.

Zagreb, Croatia, Jan. 12 (A.P.)—A story amazing even for the Croatian press, which has produced some remarkable items of Italian news, was published today in the "Great People's Voice" as to a duel said to have occurred between Count Calvi, son-in-law of King Victor Emmanuel, and Premier Mussolini.

The paper's version of this recent and hitherto unknown duel is that Mussolini sustained painful injuries of the neck and shoulder, and that he has severed his arm in his palace since he hide the wound.

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COOLIDGE TO START FOR HAVANA TODAY; 86 GUESTS ALONG

President, in Good-Will Trip, Will Address Sixth Pan-American Congress.

SPECIAL OF 12 CARS WILL STOP AT MIAMI

Executive Will Be the Fourth Chief of Nation to Visit Foreign Shores.

(Associated Press)

Accompanied by a party of distinguished Americans, President Coolidge will set forth from Washington today for Havana, Cuba, on a mission of good will and international helpfulness.

The gathering there to make the opening address of the sixth annual Pan-American congress, which will be attended by delegations from virtually all of the countries of the Western Hemisphere.

Regarded in this country and especially in South America as a diplomatic gesture to indicate the good feelings of the United States for her sister republics of the New World, the trip is the first to take Mr. Coolidge outside of his country as President and the fourth to take an American President to foreign shores.

On a special train of twelve cars and with a party of 86 persons, the President will journey southward through Virginia, the Carolinas, Georgia and the entire length of Florida to Key West, where he will board the battleship Texas for the crossing to Havana. Late tomorrow afternoon he will make his only stop, at Miami, where he will tour the city for an hour. Returning, he expects to make a similar stop at Jacksonville on Wednesday. The President will be back at his desk Thursday morning.

Bigest Party on Record.

The Havana trip will set a new record for presidential parties, the record, according to White House records, it will be made by a larger number of persons than has ever accompanied a President from Washington. Secretary Kellogg and Secretary of War Davis are to be the first in the train, by special invitation. Secretary Davis, of the Labor Department, has been invited to go as far as Jacksonville, where immigration business has called him.

In addition, the President has invited members of the American delegation to the congress to accompany him, and those who were not required to proceed beforehand to Havana will go along. These will include Mr. and Mrs. Charles Evans, Mr. and Mrs. George F. Henry P. Fletcher, Mr. and Mrs. Morgan J. O'Brien, of New York, Dr. and Mrs. James Brown Scott, of Washington, and Mr. and Mrs. Ray Lyman Wilbur, of California.

Political Debate in Cuba Unlike, Kellogg Asserts

(Associated Press)

Secretary Kellogg is of the opinion that the political questions will not be brought up for discussion at the Pan American conference in Havana.

He reiterated yesterday his belief that the Nicaraguan question, involving the presence of American marines there, will fail under the heading of political matters and as such will not be settled in the agenda of the conference.

It was recalled at the State Department that the agenda has been clearly defined so that to introduce new elements into the conference a two-thirds vote would be necessary.

The secretary repeated previous denials that American diplomatic missions in Latin America had exerted themselves to have political questions involving present American policies in Central America should not be brought up at Havana.

Officials Here Study Mexican Oil Laws

(Associated Press)

The text of the amendment of the Mexican petroleum laws rendered effective Wednesday by publication in the government's official gazette has been received by the State Department and is being made the subject of minute scrutiny by diplomatic and legal officials of the administration.

Study of the text so far has encouraged officials. The only doubt which remains arises out of the fact that officials here are not quite clear as yet as to the exact meaning whereby the confirmation of existing oil titles would be accomplished, and whether any difficulties would be encountered in that phase of the application of the revised law.

DISTRICT JURIST



SANDINO'S REBELS KILL INTERPRETER FOR U. S. MARINES

Roy A. Johnstone, Said to Have Been Englishman, Dead in Nicaragua.

DEATH OF 6 IN MUTINY AT SOMOTILLO SHOWN

Maj. Bourne, Off for Scene, Flies From Capital to Miami in Ten Hours.

Managua, Nicaragua, Jan. 12 (A.P.)—Roy A. Johnstone, civilian interpreter for marines at Quilalí, was killed Monday by rebels, it was reported to marine headquarters today. Johnstone was killed near the recent headquarters of the rebel Gen. Augustino Sandino, taken from him by marines. December 30.

The interpreter, said to have been an Englishman, was for many years a soldier of fortune in Central America. He arrived in Nicaragua last November from Salvador, where he had been employed in the railway service. His wife and two children were with him.

Johnstone joined the marine forces as an interpreter and went to Ocotlán, capital of Quilalí, November 28. He was familiar with Central American fighting, since he had served under Generals Lee, Christmas, Luis Mena, and other fighters well known in the region.

Johnstone was killed by Sandino's outposts while on the way to El Jarco.

6 Killed in Somotillo Mutiny.

Details of the mutiny at Somotillo, Sunday, of Nicaraguan national guardsmen, were received at Marine Corps headquarters here today.

An official report said that nine men attempted to desert fought with loyal members of the guard at Somotillo. In a sharp encounter four deserters were killed and two were mortally wounded. Five apparently, including the wounded men, escaped toward Honduras with rifles and a machine gun.

Among the deserters killed was a corporal who had persuaded the others to desert.

"Goodby. Take care of yourselves."

Mrs. Coolidge had a busy day. On her arrival this morning, she went alone to the airport to see the delegation accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Hills, neighbors, and Mrs. Alice Beckahn, the Coolidge housekeeper, and escorted by motorcycle police. She was vivacious and friendly to all, and when she had gathered and then in the crowd which had gathered to greet her. She seemed anxious to see her mother, however, and without delay was driven to the Dickinson Hospital.

Mrs. Coolidge spent approximately two hours with her mother during her first visit, after which she expressed herself as encouraged with Mrs. Goodhue's condition. This feeling was shared by Lieutenant Commander Joel D. Blodget, of the hospital, who had accompanied her. Dr. E. H. Copeland, Mrs. Goodhue's family physician, and two of the doctors who met in consultation this morning.

Her son John came over from Amherst College to see Mrs. Coolidge.

MRS. COOLIDGE VISITS MOTHER; IS RETURNING

Finds Mrs. Goodhue Resting Comfortably at Hospital in Northampton.

JOHN JOINS HER THERE

Northampton, Mass., Jan. 12 (A.P.)—Mrs. Calvin Coolidge, standing in the vestibule of her coach and blowing kisses to the friends gathered at the station, left for Washington at 2:27 tonight, after having passed four hours at the bedside of her mother, Mrs. Lemira B. Goodhue, who has been ill with influenza at the Dickinson Hospital since December 28. The last news reported by Mrs. Coolidge at the beginning of her journey which in reality will be but the first step in a longer trip to Havana, Cuba, was:

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Coolidge and Machado Talks to Be Broadcast

The addresses of President Coolidge and President Machado, of Cuba, at the opening of the sixth annual Pan-American Congress in Havana Monday, will be broadcast through the combined National Broadcasting Co.'s red and blue networks linked together with the short wave transmitters of stations WGY and KDKA.

The address of President Machado to be delivered in Spanish, will be broadcast through the short wave stations, while a translation will be heard through regular wave stations.

The Cuban President's speech will be followed by that of President Coolidge in which all stations will be joined.

Foreign Air Mail Lines Urged by New

(Associated Press)

Extension of American air mail lines into South America along the routes flown by Col. Lindbergh, was urged yesterday before the House postage committee by Postmaster General Newell by Representative Kelly, of Pennsylvania, granting authority to establish foreign air mail service to foreign countries was approved by New.

These Generous Reductions Come But Once in Six Months.

\$24.50 \$29.50 \$34.50

for \$35, \$40, \$45 & \$50

Haddington

OVERCOATS

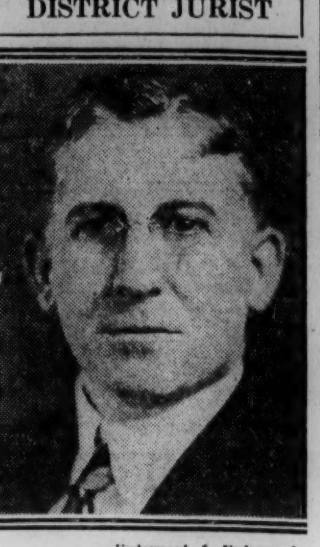
and

SUITS

Generous Reduction in Men's Furnishings, Too!

Meyer's Shop

1331 F Street



O'LEARY ON STAND ONCE MORE DENIES KIDWELL'S STORY

Sticks to Own Statement That Juror Identified Two Burns Detectives.

TWO STENOGRAPHERS UPHOLD TESTIMONY

Gordon Announces Hearing on Intimidation Charge Is Nearing Close.

By NORMAN W. BAXTER.

Further denial of the charge that Edward J. Kidwell, Jr., witness in the contempt case against Harry F. Sinclair and five other respondents, had been intimidated and coerced by James J. O'Leary, assistant United States district attorney, was given yesterday by O'Leary himself during completion of his cross-examination by M. F. Schwartz and C. G. Shenkin, stenographer and chief clerk, respectively, in the office of the district attorney.

O'Leary's cross-examination most of the time was directed by Judge Edward T. Day, of counsel for Henry Mason Day, Charles A. Douglas, counsel for the Burns Agency and its employees, and E. C. Brandenburg, of counsel for Sheldon Clark, stuck to his previous assertions.

Kidwell, Jr., denied that he had been intimidated or coerced by O'Leary and Gordon, two Burns' operatives, as men who had approached the juror and engaged him in conversation.

The inquiry by the three attorneys was directed toward so many phases of the case that it was impossible to tell what a great many instances were upheld by Justice Siddons. There were periods, too, during which the examinations covered the same ground and the court repeatedly cut short such questions.

Had "Hoped for Truth."

O'Leary denied flatly that he had sought to intimidate Kidwell. His explanation of why he had put Kidwell on the stand after the latter had denied making portions of his affidavit identifying two Burns' men was that he eventually "knew the truth" but denied, as he intended trying "to break the witness."

There were other characterizations of the procedure, however, by counsel for the respondents equally uncompromisingly. Mr. Douglas said at one time that he was asking questions in order to "attack the good faith" of O'Leary in the way in which he handled Kidwell and that an effort had been made to "protect" Kidwell.

Mr. Schwartz testified that he had taken on the type of the "honest affidavit" and that O'Leary was identified, and there was no mention made of any protest on Kidwell's part while it was being dictated by O'Leary. He also said that he heard O'Leary tell Kidwell, on the day that the latter took the stand, "want you to tell the truth and nothing but the truth, and to make local 'big bugs' and 'high-brows' obey the traffic laws."

Others Are Denied.

He denounced Maj. Daniel Donovan, District auditor, and Maj. William Wolff Smith, counsel for the Veterans' Bureau, for defending Brown at the last American Legion convention. He called Smith "Poker Bill" and declared that he had never tried a case in court before he got his job in the Veterans' Bureau.

He accused Representative Houston, of Delaware, of protecting Brown, and he made the same charge against Representative Gibson.

"Colonel," he said, addressing Gibson, "when you go to protecting Brown, you and I are at the parting of the ways."

He said that Gibson had detailed Brown's efficiency bureau to investigate the District of Columbia government, and that he was not authority in law for such an investigation. In making such an investigation, he said, the bureau was halted in the streets about 500 of the miners this afternoon marched to the I. W. W. headquarters building, where they were besieged by the police forces. Desultory firing continued for an hour while police patrolled at vantage points above Main street.

Clashing with the police when a parades of strikers and their families was halted in the streets about 500 of the miners this afternoon marched to the I. W. W. headquarters building, where they were besieged by the police forces. Desultory firing continued for an hour while police patrolled at vantage points above Main street.

Representative Britten, of Illinois, senior Republican committee member, questioned the Secretary closely as to why the Navy Department, in submitting the \$725,000,000 program, had not included a provision for its completion within a specified time. He declared that, for one, he did not wish only a "paper fleet."

Wilbur replied that the Navy also was anxious for the actual ships and that no complete date had been set for delivery. He suggested that the money had to be submitted through the budget and that finishing the program would depend on Congress providing the money.

"There is no joker," he added. "If any joker gets in, it will be in Congress."

People for Ship Sale, Hurley Tells Coolidge

(Associated Press)

President Coolidge was told yesterday that the District of Columbia government, in its opinion, was not authority in law for such an investigation. In making such an investigation, he said, the bureau was halted in the streets about 500 of the miners this afternoon marched to the I. W. W. headquarters building, where they were besieged by the police forces. Desultory firing continued for an hour while police patrolled at vantage points above Main street.

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The strike was also held that with the proper organization, railroads would be willing to take over some of the shipping lines as auxiliaries to their own properties.

YADEN IS DIRECTOR OF TRANSIT COMPANY

Elected to Keep Public Informed of Policies, Board Head States.

James G. Yaden, president of the Federation of Citizens Associations, was elected a director of the Washington Rapid Transit Co. at the annual meeting of stockholders held yesterday.

Others elected directors were Louis C. Harlan, Ogallala Harper, George F. Hoover, Eugene E. Thompson and Harry P. Wilson.

After the stockholders' meeting the board of directors met and elected E. D. Merrill president and general manager, and vice president and assistant general manager, Clinton R. Thompson, secretary, and Louis C. Bell, treasurer.

Mr. Wilson, majority stockholder, spoke of the election of Mr. Yaden to the directorship, said that it was his desire that the citizens of Washington be fully informed concerning the problems and policies of the company, and that the company turn over its benefit to the suggestion of Mr. Yaden, who is in a position to be acquainted with the needs of the District.

There are 500,000 books and 60,000 manuscripts in the Vatican library and 100,000 volumes in the archives, Mgr. Benedetti said. These, he explained, were collected by the popes, each having its individual catalogue.

Mgr. Benedetti came to this country to study the American system of cataloguing in the interest of listing the comprehensive collection in one place.

Following the lecture there was a reception in his honor, attended by the Italian Minister. Guests included John C. Merriam, of the Carnegie Institution of Washington, and Ernest C. Richardson, consultant to the Smithsonian Institution.

She was the wife of James Wilkinson, New Rochelle, N. Y., school principal. Her method of composing poems was singing them and writing them afterwards.

American Drawns in Channel.

Paris, Jan. 12 (A. P.)—Samuel Lewis, who fell or jumped overboard from a channel boat and was drawn yesterday, was a naturalized American.

He was born in London and had lived for some years in New York, but in recent years he lived in London and Paris. Friends here said today that he had often threatened to commit suicide.

If you need help use The Washington Post. Post Office Box 1000, Washington, D. C. Male or Female column of The Washington Post FREE OF CHARGE for three times free of charge.

Rockville Marriage License.

A license has been issued at Rockville for the marriage of Samuel Anthony Bucolo, 21 years old, and Miss Ann Virginia Hunter, 21 years old, both of Washington.

You need a clerk, a salesman or help of any kind? Supply your want by advertising it in the Help Wanted.

Male or Female column of The Washington Post FREE OF CHARGE for three times free of charge.

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KILLING OF SNYDER CLIMAX OF SECRET TRYSTS OF LOVERS

Woman the Dominating One
in Tragedy, Confession of
Gray Declared.

VICTIM BEATEN, THEN GARROTED WITH WIRE

Body Found by Little Daugh-
ter of Slain Man; Quick
Trial Follows.

New York, Jan. 12 (A.P.)—Mrs. Ruth Snyder and Henry Judd Gray started their journey toward the electric chair down the primrose path of marital infidelity.

Both were married to persons of quiet character, persons who preferred a life less syncopated than that to be found in the jazzy rendezvous of secret trysts.

The last Mrs. Snyder conceived the idea of killing her husband, Albert, who was 45 years old, 14 years her senior. She had \$96,000 worth of insurance placed upon his life, most of it without his knowledge. Then she took Gray into her confidence.

Gray Blamed the Woman.

For a time, Gray testified in court, he struggled against her domination of his weaker personality, but in the end he bowed to her will. On March 29, 1927, Albert Snyder went to death as he slept in his Queens Village home.

Before the attack Mrs. Snyder changed the position of her husband, intoxicated from a party she had taken him to, so that he was lying on the east, in which his heart was beat. And so he did not hear his wife crawl out of bed, he did not hear her whisper to Gray where he was hidden in another room nor did he hear the two secret trysts to which she invited.

Snyder was found with his head beaten in a sash-weight. His hands and feet were tied and he had been garroted with a twisted length of picture wire.

The first alarm was spread by the Snyder's little daughter, Lorraine. Mrs. Snyder, lying as Gray had bound her before he fled, waked the girl and sent her for the neighbors, whom she told that burglars had attacked her and killed her husband.

Mrs. Snyder Confesses.

Questions of homicide brought forth a complete confession, and on Mrs. Snyder's information Gray was arrested in a Syracuse, N. Y., hotel where he had prepared what at first seemed a perfect alibi. Gray broke down soon after his arrest, and at the joint trial each defendant turned against the other.

On May 9 a jury found them guilty of murder in the first degree, for which they were sentenced to die in the electric chair. On Nov. 12, their sentences upheld by the court of appeals. Just before Christmas the State board of Almshouse reported that both were sane.

A final appeal to Gov. Smith was made. He refused to grant clemency.

Plea Against Autopsy By Relatives Overruled

Albany, N. Y., Jan. 12 (A.P.)—Objec-
tion by relatives of Mrs. Ruth Snyder
to the making of "any surgical inci-
sions" upon the body after execution
at Sing Sing Prison tonight was over-
ruled in an opinion by Attorney General
Albert Ottinger.

"Under section 507 of the code of
criminal procedure," said Mr. Ottinger,
in his opinion, wired to the prison of-
ficials, "it would be after conviction
of a convict, may make incisions
and examine the organs of the body if
they deem it advisable. They can not
remove the organs and deliver them
into the possession of any person."

DIED

DETWEILER—Suddenly, on Thursday, Jan-
uary 12, 1928, at 8 a.m., at his residence,
120 Clinton Street, northeast, JOHN H.
Beloved husband of Minnie E. Detweiler.
Funeral from his late residence on Saturday,
Jan. 14, at 1 p.m. Relatives and
friends invited to attend. Interment at
Oakwood Cemetery.

FERGUSON—On Thursday, January 12, 1928,
at his residence, 2621 Seventh street south-
east, CHARLES REED, beloved husband
of his late residence on Saturday,
January 14, at 8:30 a.m., thence to the
cemetery. The services will be held at 10 a.m.
Relatives and friends invited to attend. Interment at
Oakwood Cemetery.

GASKINS—Departed this life Tuesday, Jan-
uary 10, 1928, at 1819 H street northwest,
MARY E. GASKINS, wife of William, Mr.
Gaskins, father of Walter and Sam, Michael,
of Delaplaine, Va. She is also survived by
six sisters, three brothers and other rela-
tives.

Funeral Friday, January 13, at 1 p.m. from
Boyd & Wilson, Nineteenth and L streets
northwest. Relatives and friends invited.

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EXPRESSIVE FLORAL EMBLEMS. Photo M.
No branch stores. Photo M.

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Floral "Blanket Sprays"

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erate Prices. 1407 H st. nw. Phone Main 2307.

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At moderate prices. Photo M.

GUDE

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1212 F St. N.W. M. 4276

MRS. SNYDER AND GRAY PAY PENALTY IN ELECTRIC CHAIR

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1.

tant chaplain, who was reciting a prayer as he walked at his side.

Gray seemed almost debonaire in contrast to Mrs. Snyder.

He was clad in a gray suit and purple hankie, peeped jauntily from his pocket, with his shirt open at the collar with no tie and felt slippers completed his attire.

But the right leg of his trousers, slit for the electrode, flapped from the knee as he stepped forward toward the chair.

As he neared it, however, he wavered slightly. His expressionless eyes darted here and there among the witnesses.

Then, in a low voice, in broken phrases, Judd Gray said his final prayer, in concert with the chaplain. The words were intelligible only to those very near him.

And he passed into eternity on an interrupted prayer.

Dead at 11:14.

He was strapped into the chair at 11:39. Elliott jammed home his switch. Judd's body, the frail body of a timid little suburbanite, except for his one mile, was laid to rest in unbroken, strained against the ropes. Then it straightened again, in a rigid position.

As when Mrs. Snyder went to her death, Warden Lawes kept his eyes averted.

The little man was pronounced dead at 11:44 a.m., and his remains crumpled into the morgue.

In thirteen gruesome minutes New York State had exacted its toll for the sash-weight murder of Queenie Village, Long Island, ten months ago.

Mrs. Snyder's death frock came just in time. Her blouse, too, was torn.

After Justice Levy had vacated his order, Edgar F. Hazleton and Dana Wallace, Mrs. Snyder's counsel, issued their last statement as counsel for the condemned.

"Death has won a transient victory," they said, "but the stains of this carnal of blood shall not have faded out until capital punishment itself is dead."

Samuel L. Miller, Gray's chief counsel, and Joseph Lomax for Mrs. Snyder also spoke in a flat statement.

"We want to say good-bye to our clients," they said. "Tomorrow the public will have its cup of blood."

Woman Weeps Bitterly.

At 7:45 o'clock Attorneys Hazleton and Wallace counseled for Mrs. Snyder, and Frank Banbara, Hazleton's assistant, arrived at the prison and went to break the news.

"Well, Ruth," he said, in his hoarse, slightly husky voice, "put them up good night, little girl."

Mrs. Snyder is a large woman.

"Ain't there anything anybody can do?" she cried.

Her shoulders shook in a new burst of sobbing.

Warden Lawes, who has disliked admiring the collapse of other condemned persons, conceded that Ruth's despair was exceptional.

"She took it pretty hard," he said.

"Yes," she cried like everything.

When Mrs. Snyder's mother, Mrs. Jeanette Brown, who has had years since the crime, took her final leave of her daughter early, the doomed woman broke down. She had been sitting silently, her lips compressed, studying her mother's features as if to imprint them in her mind.

Warden Lawes reported as saying that her sister-in-law, Andrew Schneider's wife, had asked us to assure her that she would always care for Lorraine.

(Albert Snyder's brother has never Admitted his name.)

Mrs. Snyder sent no message through us to her daughter, her farewell words having been conveyed through Mrs. Brown. Mrs. Snyder thanked us for our hard fight in her behalf and pressed our hands.

Then, after the afternoon arrivals was Elliott, the executioner, who deployed his tall, cadaverous form and graying head from a motor car and went into action.

He had come to take the condemned off to the electric chair.

After her mother's departure, Lorraine sat alone in her room, her head down.

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LEADERS OF DEMOCRACY MAKE PLEAS FOR PARTY HARMONY

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1.

A telegram from a descendant of Andrew Jackson, in whose honor the dinner was gathered.

Then he told of another communication, and when Mr. Lund was chosen to read it the suspense was on. It was a sight to watch Mr. McAdoo and Mr. Davis, the other party leaders during the reading of the letter. The two looked abashedly toward the ceiling and here and there as if this letter was but the transaction of commonplace business.

There was no soft-pedaling of touchy subjects, in fact, other speakers had hardly any qualms. There was no doubt of that. The known wets of the party, and indisputably its outstanding men, spoke very frankly on the subject.

Reed, of Missouri, and Ritchie, of Maryland, while the drys plastered the Republicans, the wets were unashamed for party unity and a concentrated fight.

Both Reed and Ritchie referred favorably to Smith, the former indirectly when he said religion must not be a test, and the Maryland governor speaking of him by name.

But Senator McAdoo's words were more direct to the point and, too, because he spoke before the Missouri senator, it was for him to receive the "call down" which Mr. Davis apparently had in store.

Points Made by Davis.

Prohibition is not an issue, the standard bearer of 1924 said, and it will not be "the determining factor" of a man's ability to carry the banner in the ranks of the Democratic party.

He admired the Maryland governor's frankness, he said, but "in dealing with prohibition we are too apt to forget the state of the public mind on that question. We are apt to think the American public is divided into two camps—those in favor of prohibition as they are and another composed of those who are opposed to the present policy of the Government."

"Still another class is not sure that the success or lack of success of prohibition is as important as it is." Those of this class are willing to wait with an open mind, believing that the present policy is a serious effort to deal with an old problem. I am not so sure that this class is not greater numerically than the others.

"None of these three classes is without representation in the Democratic party. But the mere location of a candidate in one camp or the other is not the determining factor of his ability to carry the banner in the ranks of the political party."

A demonstration followed, no greater or lesser than that which greeted the reading of Smith's letter or the Maryland governor's speech. The Democrats all seemed to be in an agreeable mood.

Gov. Dan E. Moody, of Texas, even came forward reluctantly with a word on prohibition from the dais, and no shooting occurred.

He, too, was given the unanimous round of applause that was the others' due. You might as well try to change the Ten Commandments as to repeal the Volstead Act. Moody said, but the while there might be a difference of opinion among Democrats on this, they are all united that the law should be enforced.

Parade of Notables.

It was the parade by democracy of its nobility—this dinner, and one of which the party need by no means be ashamed.

At the left of the long table facing an overflow of formally dressed men and evening gowned women, a crowd that spread out into the corridors, taxed the patience of the waiters. In a space where there was "Jim" Reed, as the affectionately called silver-haired, sitting beside a representative of the dynamic younger generation; Dan E. Moody, Governor of Texas.

Then there came Evans B. Woollen

out of Indiana, which boasts of the men it has produced in the past and William Gibbs McAdoo, who was standing at the end of the dinner as a man who forebore any desire to follow in the footsteps of William Jennings Bryan, as the party's harassed president.

Next there came Senator Walter F. George, of Georgia, whom the South proudly boasts, and the end is not yet. Women, prominent ones, were among the men, and in the center there sat as a reigning queen, Mrs. Woodrow Wilson, her features made always vivid with the silent blaze of praise, praise for her and for her husband, the late war President. No greater demonstration was given, in fact, than that to him.

"Go Into Fight," Shaver Pleads, "With Jackson's Will for Victory"

Declaring that no character in our history had more courage, more unwavering determination to conquer than Jackson, Clem Shaver, chairman of the Democratic national committee, who called the dinner to order and introduced John W. Davis as toastmaster.

He urged his wish that the Democratic party go into the coming campaign with Jackson's firm will to victory.

CLEM SHAYER

"One hundred years ago Mr. Shaver said, 'A distinguished American left Nashville, Tenn., for New Orleans. On the river banks along the way down the Cumberland, Ohio and Mississippi Rivers he met many of his countrymen who had come to tell him and wish him well as the hero of the battle of New Orleans and as their choice for President of the United States.'

"Andrew Jackson, by invitation of the Louisiana Legislature, was one way to participate in the thirteenth anniversary of 'the Battle of New Orleans,' a victory which John Fiske, the historian and essayist, says 'decided that henceforth the Mississippi Valley'

McAdoo Sees Party Unbeatable If It Adheres to Jackson Policies

"All hell" can't stop the Democratic party from going to the White House in 1928 if it adheres to the principles of Andrew Jackson, William G. McAdoo declared.

Directing attention to the letter of last September in which he withdrew as a candidate, Mr. McAdoo said that he had stood on the matter enunciated in that letter, and that he did not feel that under the circumstances he ought to offer advice to the party.

"The delegates to the next national convention," he said, "must determine the party destiny. But in order that they may do so to the best advantage, having always in mind the welfare of the people, free and frank discussion of all, without rancor or personalities, should be encouraged."

Speaking of the principles which gave Jackson his immortal fame, McAdoo said that he "put forward the explicit doctrine that not alone all the

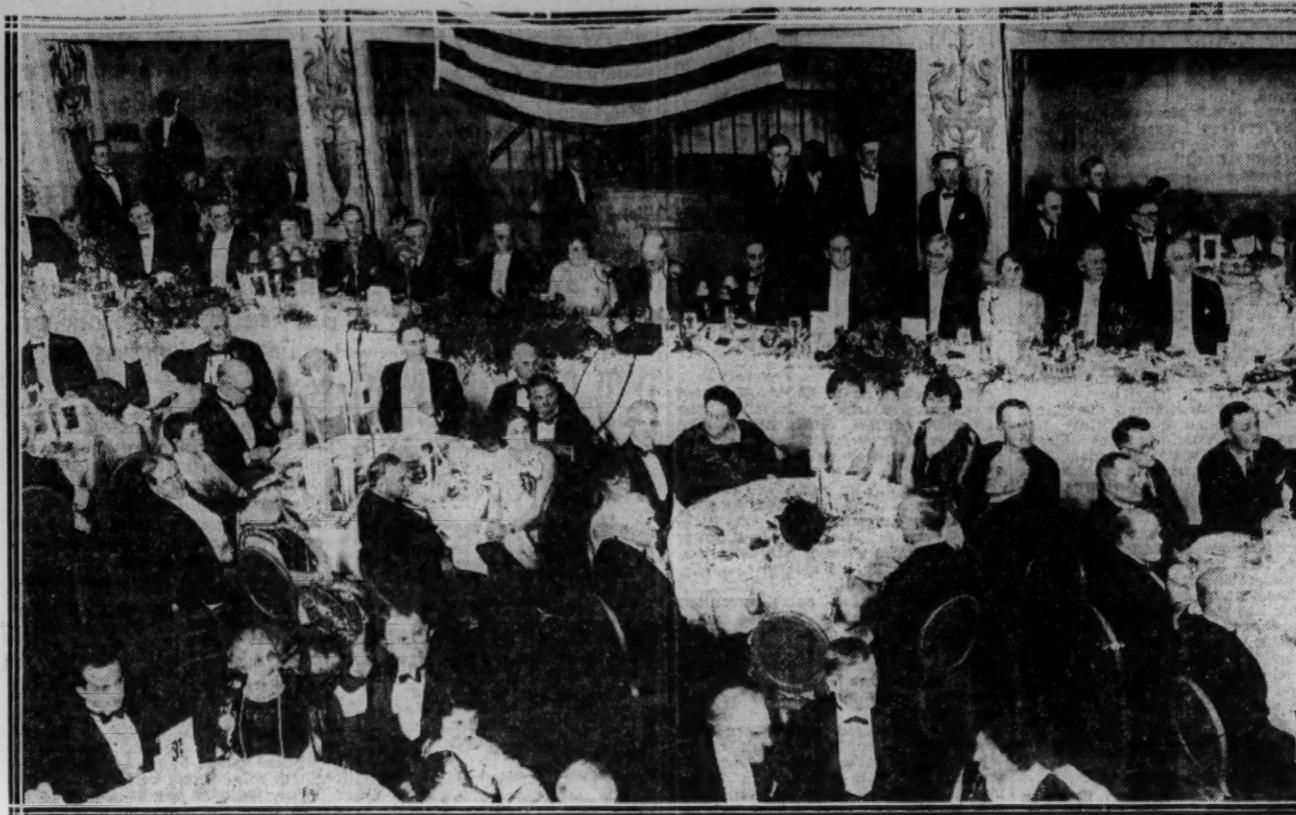
people, without regard to race, class or creed, but that all legitimate interests, big and little, would be protected in their rights by a just and benevolent government, and that such a government, in administering its trust, would dispense its benefits equally and with impartial hand."

"As we celebrate the career and achievement of this great exemplar of democracy, let us rededicate ourselves to the principles for which he consistently sacrificed throughout his life, and let us all learn the lesson of his courage, his integrity, his unswerving adhesion to principle, his indomitable fight for the right because it was right, and his unerring championship of everything that would strengthen the Federal Union and preserve for all the people the matchless benefits of constitutional government."

Speaking humorously of a conversation with Will Rogers in which they discussed his withdrawal as a candidate, McAdoo said that he had pointed out to Rogers that he had one pre-eminent qualification for the candidacy and that was his sense of humor.

"Why," he said he asked Rogers, "shouldn't we have more humor in our presidential campaigns, especially dry humor?"

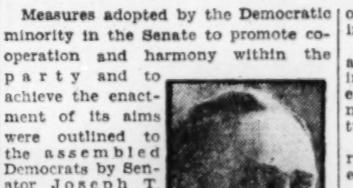
DEMOCRATIC LEADERS GUESTS AT JACKSON DAY BANQUET



Henry Miller Service.

Those at the speakers' table, from left to right, are—Will Rogers, William Gibbs McAdoo, Senator Walter F. George, of Georgia; Representative Mary T. Norton, of New Jersey; Evans Woollen, of Indiana; Gov. W. J. Bulow, of South Dakota; Representative Finis J. Garrett, of Tennessee; Mrs. Woodrow Wilson, Senator J. T. Robinson, of Arkansas; Gov. Albert C. Ritchie, of Maryland; Mrs. Nellie Ross, former governor of Wyoming; Representative W. A. Oldfield, of Arkansas; Huston Thompson, former chairman of the Federal Trade Commission, and Mrs. Ben Hopper. Other prominent Democrats are seated in the foreground.

Robinson Outlines Democratic Harmony Program by Senators



SEN. JOSEPH T. ROBINSON

Measures adopted by the Democratic minority in the Senate to promote cooperation and harmony within the party and to achieve the enactment of its aims were outlined to the assembled Democrats by Senator Joseph T. Robinson, of Arkansas, leader of the minority. He declared that never before have Democratic senators demonstrated a better spirit of cooperation than at a time when the nation marks their labors during the present session of Congress.

The aims of the minority were stated by Senator Robinson to be: "To assure the fullest measure possible of accurate information touching every important bill brought forward in the Senate, having in mind such harmony of action as may be practicable with-

out unduly restraining the freedom in individual senators."

"Frequent conferences and reasonable cooperation with fellow Democrats in the House of Representatives to the end that our efforts as a party may not prove needlessly conflicting in the two houses."

"To expose the inefficiency and corruption which has disgraced the present and preceding administrations."

"To overcome the impression that the Democratic Party, as now constituted, is the enemy of legitimate business and can not with safety be trusted to conduct the affairs of the nation."

"To establish and maintain that equality of privilege and opportunity before the law which constitutes one of the fundamental principles of our party—to break down the selfish and corrupt influences which now boastfully dominate the national administration."

"To contribute our best efforts to the enactment of legislation conceived to be necessary and wholesome, and to fearlessly stand in the way of those who regard themselves as entitled to the enjoyment of opportunities for making profits denied to the public."

Will Rogers Makes Speech.

Will Rogers came for him to deliver his speech, as the field had been pretty well worked. But he was in evidence throughout the evening, excepting little of his time in keeping McAdoo preoccupied. McAdoo introduced the humorist to Mrs. Wilson before the dinner. Incidentally, Mrs. Wilson shook hands with McAdoo at the conclusion of the dinner, one to whom she did pay such a tribute.

It is estimated that at least 2,000 diners were in attendance at this gathering in the Mayflower Hotel, the largest affair of its kind ever held. Some 5,000 requests for seats had to be turned down.

Multitude of Election Issues Seen by Garrett, House Leader

The Democratic party has a multitude of issues upon which to wage war against its opponents and must and will avoid the differences within its ranks which led to its defeat in 1924. Representative Finis J. Garrett, of Tennessee, Democratic leader in the House, told the diners.

"Is it possible," he asked, "that a great nation could be in traditions of glory, a great party which has written nearly every permanent chapter of American law, is again to fall a victim to its own folly? Is it possible that non-resistance, fight with passionate abandonment over imaginary goblins and academic abstractions and forget the substance which challenges our bravest and best? Heaven forbid!"

"The Democra / of the newer States was not to be divided again, and this determination was shared by those in the older Commonwealths.

"So for a century the victory at New Orleans has been celebrated, and usually in time it took the name of the hero of that battle and has long been called Jackson Day. The celebration of a hundred years ago has been a great occasion when Democrats gather and Jackson Day has continued a great occasion when Democrats gather and plan for war on the political enemy."

"Certainly no character in our history, military or political, had more heroic qualities than Jackson, more indomitable courage, more unswerving determination to conquer. No man in American history has stood out more resolutely for his convictions and against the practices of politer politics.

"I shall not attempt at length to measure his merit, but I express the wish that the Democratic party go into the coming campaign with Jackson's firm will to victory."

Over the Coffee Cup by John Wilkins

I IN JUDGE not

long ago there

appeared a picture

of some people

rowing out to a

a fine yacht—

SURELY in the conditions which surround us and which are observed in the world, we are with even probing to the depths we have glaring issues upon which to make successful appeal to the intelligence and virtue of America.

"In the favoritism which in seven short years has been wrought into law in the name of confidence following in the wake of corruption and shame, in the foreign policy or lack of foreign policy, which has left us without a friend among the nations of the world; in the domestic distresses which all their cunning has not enabled them to alleviate, we are made to realize—surely, surely all this conglomeration of stupidity and error will cause us to seek firm and common ground upon which the legions of democracy can stand and give lusty battle as in victorious days of yore.

"Democracy will not win,

grouped about a jumble of plotters, secret societies, the expression of a fleeting hour. Democracy has won its fight when it had a battle flag which symbolized a system of principles fitted for the government of a free people in a republic grounded upon a written Constitution."

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Reed Seeing Promise of Victory, Denounces Religion in Politics

Pleading for harmony within the party and demanding that religion be eliminated from political discussion. Senator James A. Reed, of Missouri, declared that the assembly of leaders from all over the country "gives promise of a sweeping November victory."

The senator said at the very head and front of the rights of citizens he placed liberty of conscience. "Liberty of conscience," he said, "not in the narrow sense that a man may worship without punishment by the authorities, but in the broad implication that no man is to be subjected to any kind of punishment, obliquity or disgrace because of his faith. To all men of all creeds exact equality is to be accorded, and neither in private life nor in public office is the free citizen of America to be placed, on account of his religion, under the ban."

Disregarding the central purpose of government, which is the protection of the liberty of the citizens, Senator Reed said that "we have piled law upon law until the new-born babe finds itself enmeshed in legal regulations which are intended to control its acts until death."

Pointing to the great number of laws, ordinances and regulations the senator declared that these "seek to impose upon the living the will, the whim and the caprice of those who are armed with a little brief authority."

Makes Attack on Mellon.

The land, he said, is overrun with agents, spies and informers, all constituting an immense and in many instances an obnoxious un-American constituency.

Taking up the question of agriculture, Senator Reed blamed the tariff law for the ills of the farmer, who, he asserted, now stands at the edge of the precipice of bankruptcy.

The speaker declared against attacks which are being made on "honest wealth, honestly accumulated and honestly employed," and said that it is the duty of parties both to protect great fortunes and to protect the poorer persons from oppression by those who have accumulated such fortunes.

The administration of Woodrow Wilson was lauded by Senator Reed, who insisted upon having his own way in all things.

nobody will have his way in anything. "The preservation of the liberties of the people; the restoration of honesty in government; the punishment of public malefactors; the development of the resources of the land, and the safeguarding of our international rights are of imperative and paramount importance."

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Talks of Erecting New Auditorium, as Present One Seats Only 5,000.

HAS ACCOMMODATIONS FOR 15,000 VISITORS

Reasonable Weather Predicted; City Has Population of 300,000; Much Shipping.

Houston, Tex., Jan. 12 (A.P.)—Jubilant, but a bit stunned by its victory, Texas tonight launched into preliminary preparations for entertaining the Democratic national convention next June.

City officials and civic leaders joined in declaring that satisfactory arrangements had been made for the convention and that delegates and visitors would not find the city lacking in hospitality.

Probably the biggest problem will be the matter of space for the convention sessions. The city auditorium, the largest hall in Houston, has a seating capacity of 5,000 with additional room in the junior auditorium in another part of the same building for 750 persons. These figures were announced by Roger Seaman, assistant general manager of the chamber of commerce.

New Auditorium Talk.

The possibility that a new building might be erected especially for the convention was seen in the statement in Washington of Jesse H. Jones, millionaire publisher of the Houston Chronicle, that another building would be provided in case the city auditorium was found lacking. It has been worked out along this line, however, so far as could be learned here.

Officials of the chamber of commerce said accommodations easily were available for 15,000 visitors.

The auditorium is in the business district, one block from the city's largest hotel and but a few blocks from half a dozen others.

When Mayor Oscar Holcombe heard the news that the convention had been awarded to Houston, he took his hat from his desk in the City Hall, threw it in the air and gave a gavel.

"The city is at the disposal of the convention delegates," he said. "There is nothing we are not willing to do for their convenience and comfort."

He came from all sides for the fight wages before the national committee by Jones.

F. M. Law and C. S. E. Holland, among the leading bankers, began drawing plans for taking care of the delegates.

Reputation for Hospitality.

"Houston has established a reputation for hospitality, and the people will not be found lacking even if the idea did stun us a little at first," said Law.

Good weather may be expected for the convention, Lawrence Daingerfield, weather observer, said. For a period of about 30 years, he said, the mean temperature had been 83 degrees, the minimum 73.5 and the maximum 92.5 degrees from June 26 to June 30. The noon rainfalls, he said, had been but 11 of an inch for 30 years within that June period.

Houston has an estimated population of 300,000, to which it had grown from approximately 78,000 in 1910. Great growth after 1920 when the Houston ship canal, once a bayou, 30 miles to the bay connecting with the Gulf of Mexico, began to move ocean commerce in considerable volume. Ships of 50 steamship lines visit its port, which the United States Shipping Board rates second in exports and seventh in tonnage.

Smith Urges Early Action On Democratic Platform

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1.

great a tendency to speak of the evils that beset us and to fail to suggest any specific remedy. Party platforms of recent years have been too general in their terms and important questions have been neglected by platform builders in the spirit of compromise with great principles. We can not carry water on both shoulders. The Democratic party must talk out to the American people in no uncertain terms.

"The national committee could render a great service to the party, and to the country as well, by the formulation and advancement of a national convention to define party policy on lines from which there can come during the course of the convention's deliberations a platform upon which our candidates may present their cause to the country.

"It is my personal conviction that our platform should be built by applying the fundamental principles of Jeffersonian Democracy unflinchingly to each specific problem of the day.

Favors State Control.

"The greatest degree of local self-government by the States, the minimum of interference by the Federal Government or any State with the local habits and concerns of any other State, legislation for the interest of all and not for any class or group, nor 'erences with the internal affairs of other nations, tolerance of conflicting opinion—these are our articles of political faith.

"When we follow these, we succeed. We should follow them now.

"We should study and treat in the light of these principles, relations, prohibition, agriculture, reform of the governmental machinery, economic policy, conservation and development of our public natural resources in fact, and other questions which arises. We will solve these specific problems rightly only if we fearlessly meet them in full reliance upon these traditions of our party, I, for one, am for thus meeting them without equivocation.

"The success of the Democratic party in the State of New York lies in the fact that it has had a clear-cut definite platform and from Long Island to Lake Erie the Democratic party stood as one man with the people of the State achieving the full benefit of the promises made at each of our Democratic State conventions.

"Indecisive declarations of political faith gets the party nowhere. We have had sufficient experience since that time in the past, and as a lesson from that experience, I offer these suggestions herein contained to the leaders and to the rank and file of the party as in the interest of the country and of the party of Jefferson and Jackson.

"Sincerely yours,

ALFRED E. SMITH."

TEXANS CHEER AS HOUSTON WINS MEETING



Left to right—Thomas B. Love, John Boyle, Judson C. Adams, Thomas J. Hollbrook, Representative Dan E. Garrett, of Texas, and Jesse E. Jones, of Houston.

DEMOCRATS TO MEET AT HOUSTON JUNE 26.

Reed Seeing Promise of Victory, Denounces Religion in Politics

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 4.

the race was to be between San Francisco and it.

Both Detroit and Cleveland began to wane after the second ballot, Miami lasted but one ballot alone. Behind the ultimate selection is the personality of Jesse Jones. First he offered the committee \$200,000 to build a convention hall with a seating capacity of 5,000. When he came back and told the committee just to write its own check and insofar as the convention hall is concerned the city will build one which will take care of the convention with ease. Maybe a few more delegations will be added.

News came from all sides for the fight wages before the national committee of that Jones was the favorite.

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"Sincerely yours,

ALFRED E. SMITH."

Call for "Banner of Jefferson" And "Sword of Jackson," by Bower

A stirring trumpet call to Democrats

to take up "the sword of Jackson" and march forward under the banner of Jeffersonian principles.

Opposed many of the projects of the war.

President.

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The Washington Post.

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Washington, D. C.
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President and Publisher.

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Friday, January 13, 1928.

THE NATIONAL DEFENSE.

"The United States has not a first-class Navy," is the official testimony of the Secretary of the Navy.

A second-class Navy, a merchant marine that is obsolete and rapidly disappearing, an expanding foreign commerce and a vast expansion of loans to foreigners—that is the present situation. Add to this the fact that the United States has not been able to obtain from greater naval powers an agreement to limit their fleets, and has just been advised that they will not agree to renounce war.

If it is not the plain duty of Congress to increase the Navy and provide for building up the merchant marine, there is no virtue in taking warning from the lessons of experience.

Human nature is not subject to change. If the strong would remain strong they must devote a part of their strength to defense. Their wealth is dangerous to their existence unless they guard and protect it.

Fat and lazy nations are good spoil for hardy and growing nations that must expand. Individuals do not count. They can not stop wars.

The Government is the trustee of the people. It is bound to protect them. The President and the Navy Department have sounded the warning. It is for Congress to provide protection.

THOMAS HARDY.

In 1863, when Thomas Hardy, then a stripling of 23, received the prize and medal of the Institute of British Architects for an essay on "Colored Brick and Terra-Cotta Architecture," and in the course of the same year was awarded Sir William Tite's prize for architectural design, it seemed as if his place in life was settled, and as if his calling was to plan houses, offices, churches, and museums. The chances are that in those distant days the young Dorsetshire architect looked forward with pleasure to the pursuit of a profession to which he was attached and for which he had some special aptitude as well as the training of an apprenticeship. If any one had told him then that he was destined to become one of the great literary figures of England and the dean of British letters, he would probably have laughed the prediction to scorn.

As a matter of fact, Hardy's allegiance was divided between architecture and literature for many years, and it was the persuasion of the lady who afterward became his wife that determined him to abandon the former, and take up the latter with enthusiasm. It was not until 1871 that his first novel, "Desperate Remedies," was published, and not until 1874 that he achieved his first notable success with "Far from the Madding Crowd." Then came volume after volume, including the great books, "The Return of the Native" and "The Mayor of Casterbridge," until, with "Tess of the D'Urbervilles" in 1891, he entered on a new era in his concept of his work. He made no change in his underlying convictions and preferences, but he boldly asserted his right to deal more frankly and explicitly with the problems of life and destiny, a claim he pushed still further in 1895 in "Jude the Obscure." These two works were widely and keenly discussed, receiving censure and condemnation in some quarters and in others high appreciation and praise, and each had in consequence a very large circulation. Opinion has since crystallized into an admission that these novels represent high literary art, and are among the best achievements of their author. "Tess," in particular, has caught on with the public. It has been made into an opera, into a drama and into a film play. It was, in fact, twice dramatized, once by Hardy himself, and his version, first produced in 1924 by the Wessex Players in Dorchester, was the sensation of the theatrical year when presented on the London stage in 1925.

Hardy has written much poetry and has published some of it. His name was put forward to succeed Alfred Austin as poet laureate of England, and various literary organizations have from time to time urged his claims to a Nobel prize for literature. He obtained neither the laureateship nor the Nobel prize, and in each case, but especially in the latter, it is somewhat difficult to understand why not.

Hardy continued for the West country the literary propaganda initiated by R. D. Blackmore in "Lorna Doone," and his realism had a far greater effect than Blackmore's romanticism in putting his beloved "Wessex" on the map. Hardy is peculiarly sensitive to scenic

and atmospheric effects and apparently without effort he draws the most intimate pictures of nature.

In his novels, Hardy has as great a belief in fate as had the Greek dramatists, and the irony he develops in consequence is no whit less telling than theirs. He is great in gloomy and tragic subjects, and his attitude toward life, which he himself designated "classical pessimism," has found few more powerful exponents.

DEMOCRACY'S OPPORTUNITY.

The Democratic National Committee performed its duty yesterday with neatness and dispatch. To the surprise of outsiders, it chose Houston as the place for the next convention, and great is the speculation resulting from that choice.

The friends of Gov. Smith are potent in the Democratic National Committee. Some of his rivals conceded several months ago that "Al" had captured the committee. They accused his managers of beginning their campaign for control of the committee when the gavel fell for final adjournment at Madison Square Garden.

It is to be assumed that the selection of Houston was made by and with the consent of the Smith forces, if it was not dictated by them. The reasons for the choice are supposed to be a desire to please the South, to rally it to the Smith cause, and to facilitate the nomination of Gov. Dan Moody of Texas as running mate for Smith.

Al Smith, of New York, and Dan Moody, of Texas—two young governors of the two greatest States—the North and the South—well, that is a combination worth having. It would represent Democracy rehabilitated, reunited and revived. If two-thirds of the delegates who are to meet at Houston on June 26 should conclude to nominate Smith and Moody on a platform demanding a return to local self-government, the party will enter the 1928 campaign with enthusiasm and hope.

The Democratic party does well to hold its convention in the South. That section has not had its share of participation in national party councils or its due proportion of party nominations. It is entitled to a place on the national ticket. Democrats of the North should be glad to recognize the rights of the South, in view of its loyalty to the party through thick and thin.

They say that the Democratic Convention will be turned into a bedlam on account of the wet-and-dry question. But will it? The Republican party is up against the same problem, and will hold its convention first. If the Republicans can contrive a way to deal with this question without splitting the ranks, why can not the Democrats adopt the same device? The wet-and-dry question is not a partisan issue. It does not range one party against the other. It is an inter-party problem, to be settled by each party as best it can. Neither party can become wet or dry without committing hari-kari. There is no reason why either party should abandon its political functions and concentrate upon the liquor question. If citizens wish to make this question a political issue let them organize a wet party and a dry party, and go to it.

Apparently the strongest issue that could be raised by the Democratic party is that of State's rights; the prevention of further Federal encroachment upon the powers of the States. This issue is emphasized by Gov. Smith in his letter to Chairman Shaver. Upon the principle of local self-government the Democrats of this Nation can unite and make a splendid fight for control of the Government. Let them throw aside all minor questions and demand a return to the system of local self-government as Andrew Jackson understood and practiced it. The Nation must return to that system and stop centralization of power in Washington if the people are to govern themselves and not be governed by bureaucracy. The party which takes up this cause and fights it through will eventually gain control of the Government and hold control for a long time. If the Democratic party should seize this issue in 1928 it will be on the right track. Even if beaten it will be stronger than it is now, and by 1932, unless there is a cessation of Federal aggression, the Democratic party will win on this issue.

AN AERONAUTIC SYSTEM.

Members of the board of governors of the Aeronautical Chamber of Commerce of America have made their annual pilgrimage to the White House. While there they laid before the President a summary of the progress made in the industry during the past year together with a list of recommendations for the future. Last year, it was pointed out, was the most successful the aeronautical industry ever has had. In every branch progress was made during the twelve-month period. Every indication points toward the fact that 1928 will witness even greater progress than 1927. The chamber believes, however, that development can be speeded if the following recommendations are drafted into the general program:

- Lower air mail postage rates and a practical and businesslike system between the Postoffice Department and operating companies for the expansion and continuation of air-mail services.

- Further development in coordinating Weather Bureau forecasts for commercial fliers.

- Clear interpretation of the Army five-year program for procurement of aeronautical equipment.

- Immediate appropriations for simultaneous work in building the two large airships already authorized by Congress.

- More adequate provisions by Government agencies for aeronautical experimental work.

Each suggestion has an important bearing upon the development of aviation as a whole. Each would extend into a far more comprehensive field than is apparent on first reading.

It is probable that undertakings now under way will throw the summer of 1927 far in the rear as the most important period in American aeronautical development. The recommendations of the Aeronautical Chamber of Commerce may not be adopted officially, yet they will stand as a guide to the industry, the Government and the public. Money, labor and thought must be poured into the creation of a nation-wide commercial and military air system. Returns on the investment will materialize many fold later on.

It is easy to win friends once you get the feminine knack of running after people while making them think they are running after you.

Once in a while you find a family spending money to feed children when it hasn't a single police dog to its name.

officials, but without their express order, and the vessel was seized by the Coast Guard in the mouth of the Mississippi River.

The case was taken to the United States District Court. After due consideration it was ruled that the captain of the vessel committed a willful act intended to defraud the owner of the vessel, and that the property could not be forfeited under the laws of the United States. The court held further that it was against public policy for the United States to know anything about the way in which the captain of the vessel was defrauding his employer and to take advantage of the situation that arose as the result of his action. The Department of Justice is now considering the question of an appeal to the Circuit Court.

Prohibition produces queer situations. In view of past performances one would think that no matter by what subterfuge or circumstance evidence of law violation was obtained, the Government has a right to take advantage of it. On the other hand, it has been asserted frequently that the only crime under the Volstead act lies in being caught. Now, apparently, even being caught is no crime, provided the culprit makes a deal with Government officials beforehand.

OFF FOR HAVANA.

President Coolidge leaves today for Havana on a mission well worthy of a Chief Magistrate of this Nation. He goes to meet the representatives of all the southern republics, to convey in person the good will of the American people.

In spite of the efforts of misguided and malicious critics who try to make it appear that the United States is pursuing a policy of imperialism in Latin America, the governments of Latin America are cooperating cordially with the United States for the mutual benefit of all. They know what the United States has done in behalf of Cuban independence, and in assisting Santo Domingo and Haiti to recover their equilibrium and establish self-government upon a solid basis. These republics understand the Nicaraguan situation, and have faith in President Coolidge when he declares that the United States seeks nothing in Nicaragua except the permanent welfare of its people under a government of their own choosing.

The visit of President Coolidge should stand as a milestone marking another advance in the good understanding of all the nations of this hemisphere, whose independence was first recognized by the United States and then both championed and respected by this Nation.

THE FARMERS' MARKET.

The District Commissioners' recommendation that the new farmers' market be temporarily located on the fringe of the Mall has been rejected. The District subcommittee has begun another series of hearings before which proponents of all the sites under consideration—Southwest, Eckington, midcity and others—have been invited to appear. Several bills are before Congress calling for the permanent location of the market in one or another of the various sites, but the final choice depends largely upon the recommendation of the District committee.

It was a wise decision that rejected the proposal that the market be located temporarily in the Mall area. Washington knows from experience that there are few things more permanent than a temporary building. Had the market been set down in the Mall it would have resisted every attempt to budge it for many years. There was and is no reason whatsoever why its relocation should be approached from the "temporary" standpoint.

It is unfortunate, of course, that such a wide diversity of opinion exists as to where such a market could best serve the city. Nevertheless, a decision can be and should be reached now. The plea that commission houses should be allowed to choose their new locations first, and that the market then be placed in the contiguous territory, puts the cart before the horse. Let the market, the community activity, be located permanently, and private interests will accommodate themselves to it.

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"Quick, Watson, the Needle!"

PRESS COMMENT.

Special Weeks.
Detroit Free Press: Already 135 special weeks have been arranged for 1928. Of course, it is early yet.

The Legal Consideration.
Atchison Globe: In courts nowadays innocence or guilt is not the consideration. Insanity is the consideration.

Fame's Worth.
New Castle Courier: There wouldn't be a great deal of striving after fame, however, if one couldn't cash it at the paying teller's window.

Porcupines.
Detroit News: A medical publicist is asked, "What would you prescribe for porcupitis?" Er—perhaps it had better be looked over by a proofreader.

"S-sh!"
Greensburg News: It looks from this distance as if the platforms of the two great political parties next year would be limited to saying "S-sh!" in about the usual number of words.

Effect of Price Cutting.
Rochester Democrat and Chronicle: Whatever else it may do, the price cutting in the automobile industry is pretty certain to bring the saturation point in used cars very much nearer.

Trouble Ahead.
Indianapolis News: New lines mark the exhibit at the New York automobile show, which means that the man who thinks he can get along another year with the old bus might as well prepare to deal with the family.

Devil Dogs.
Topeka Capital: The French Foreign Legion has nothing on our American Marines for toughness, and it is worth noting that while the French corps has its "Sergt. Lejeune," the head of our Marines, who is starting on an inspection trip to Nicaragua, is Gen. Lejeune.

She's perfect! agreed the lover. He spoke almost in a whisper, and his eyes were shining with admiration.

"The other," resumed the sage, "the one you call Jane, is a little more delicate in some ways. She is more subtle, but she's exquisitely feminine. Look at that curve just above the knee. Look."

But the lover had risen. His face had flushed and his eyes snapped.

"You go too far," said he. "It's indecent to talk about a girl that way."

The sage smiled and held out his hand. "It was just my method," said he. "You are charmed by Clara, but you love Jane. A man wishes to protect the thing he loves."

It wasn't the eloquence in the orator that made the old-time political speech go over big; it was the hooch in the audience.

Words mean little. Once the bride was endowed with worldly goods and didn't get them; now she isn't and does.

A philosopher is a man who feels as indifferent about a prize he can't win as he would feel if he had already won it.

The real advantage of prohibition will appear in the next generation, from whom the temptation of strong drink has been removed. Even though the potential taste there will remain dormant for want of enticing stimulus.

Then prohibition will be extolled as the most beneficial reform ever adopted by a civilized people.

KELLY MILLER.

Prepare for Lean Years.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: W. K. Singleton's letter in Wednesday morning's Post, on "Youth and Liquor," sums up the substance

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Will Be in Our Vogue Pattern Section Today and Saturday

Miss Sullivan COMES DIRECTLY from the Vogue offices in New York City. Bring YOUR dressmaking PROBLEMS to her. Consult her regarding the type CLOTHES YOU SHOULD WEAR. Learn why Vogue Patterns are different . . . why their style is so advanced . . . why they are so easy to use . . . why they fit so well.

Bé Individual in Your Dress

Choose Vogue Patterns and Lansburgh's fabrics, and make your clothes, or have them made . . . creating costumes which are INDIVIDUALLY AND DISTINCTLY YOURS . . . in the lines most appropriate for your particular figure, in the very fabric and color which are smartest and most flattering to you.

Vogue Patterns, 40c, 65c, \$1.00 Vogue Pattern Book, 35c
Vogue Book of Practical Dressmaking, 25c

While Near the Silk Section See the American Indian Silk Prints As Advertised in Vogue

Colorful designs created by Artists and Students of Indian Basketry and Pottery. The signs and symbols of the Western Tribes, artistically worked into the textile art. A careful look will disclose the Indian Tepee—the War Bonnet and even the ceremonious masks of the various tribes and many other quaint designs associated with the Indians.

The vogue for these silks is established—is assured. They make lovely frocks, and Miss Sullivan will tell you how to make them.

\$4.50 yard

Lansburgh & Bro.

7th to 8th to E—FAMOUS FOR QUALITY SINCE 1860—Franklin 7400

CAPITAL SOCIETY EVENTS

THE President and Mrs. Coolidge will start this afternoon for Florida, and will sail from there for Havana. The President will open the sessions of the Pan-American Conference at Havana on Monday.

The British Ambassador and Lady Howard will be in New York today with their sons, Mr. Edward Howard and Mr. Henry Howard, who will sail today on the Majestic for England. The Ambassador and Lady Isabella Howard will return to Washington on Monday.

The Italian Ambassador and Nobil Donna Antonietta de Martino entertained at an informal luncheon yesterday. Their guests were the Ambassador of Argentina, Mr. Prudencio M. Juliette Puerrdon, the Secretary of the German Embassy and Mrs. Schlimpert, the Secretary of the Italian Embassy, Commandator Leonardo Vitteti, and the Attaché of the Embassy, Giacomo Freschi.

The Ambassador and Nobil Donna Antonietta de Martino entertained at luncheon Sunday, when their guests were Giacomo Freschi, Mr. Gerbino, Mr. Ciccarelli, Mr. Cecchini of New York; the Secy. of the Argentine, Mr. Masioli, the Boston Consul General, Marchese Ferrante; the Detroit, Vice Consul, Signor Canani, and the Military Attaché of the Embassy, Brig. Gen. Augusto Villa. Nobil Donna de Martino will entertain again on Sunday.

The Italian Ambassador and Nobil Donna Antonietta de Martino will be the guests in whose honor Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Bell Sweeny will entertain at dinner on Sunday.

Mr. Redfield Is Host.

The Ambassador of Japan and Mrs. Matsudaira were guests of honor of Mr. Woodruff Peabody at dinner yesterday in the Willard. The other guests were the Ambassador of Spain and Senora dona de Padilla Justice and Mrs. Edward T. Sanford, Justice and Mrs. Harold S. Storer, Rear Admiral and Mrs. Charles H. Hays, Representative Theodore E. Burton, Representative and Mrs. David Hogg, the Assistant Secretary of State and Mrs. William J. Carr, the Assistant Secretary of State Mr. Noland T. Johnson; Mrs. Horace F. Dibble, Mrs. Olive M. James, Mr. and Mrs. Everett Sanders, Mr. and

Mrs. Robert Lansing, Dr. David Jayne Hill, Mrs. Henry D. Flood, Mr. and Mrs. John K. Caldwell, Mr. William S. Howell, Jr., Mme von Lewinski, Mr. Masayuki Tan, Mrs. Edna P. Williams, Dr. and Mrs. James Brown, Mrs. George E. Jones, Mr. and Mrs. Manuel de la Vega Calderon, Mr. and Mrs. Wade H. Ellis, Mr. and Mrs. James M. Green, Mr. and Mrs. John Oliver La Gorce, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Norman, Dr. Charles Noble Gregory, Miss Theodore Catalani and Miss Virginia Williams.

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The Minister of Uruguay, Dr. J. Varela, will start today for Cuba, where he will attend the Pan-American Conference and the obituary plenipotentiary from Uruguay. The Minister of the Secretariat of the Legation, Dr. R. E. MacEachen, accompanied the Minister, and will act as the secretary of the delegation. During the absence of the Minister, the First Secretary of the Legation, Dr. H. V. Peña, will be charge d'affaires ad interim.

Mme. Verela, accompanied by her daughters and sons, will go to New York today and will sail tomorrow on the Western World for their home in Uruguay, where they will pass several months.

The Minister of China and Mme. Sze will be the guests in whose honor Lieut. Col. and Mrs. Dean Willard will entertain at dinner at the Wardman Park Hotel tomorrow evening.

The Minister of the Irish Free State and Mrs. Trimble were guests of honor at the engagement of their daughter, Miss Pearl Smidley, to Maj. Alfonso Reyes, of the Spanish army. The wedding will take place early in February at Fox Rock, their home in Dublin, Ireland.

Mme. Simopoulos, wife of the Minister of Greece, will receive this afternoon from 4 until 6 o'clock at 2139 R street.

The Canadian Minister and Mrs. Vincent Massey, who are in New York, expect to return on Monday. Mrs. Massey will not be at home this afternoon.

The Minister of the Dominican Republic, Senor Angel Morales, entertained at dinner Wednesday evening at the Willard for the representatives of his country who will attend the Pan-American Congress to be held in Havana.

The United States Minister to Canada, Mr. W. Phillips and Mrs. Phillips, and the United States Consul General in Canada, Mr. Albert Halstead, were among those who attended the opening of the Provincial Legislature of Quebec.

The Minister of the Netherlands and Mrs. van Boetzelaer were guests of a company of 32 at dinner last evening preceding the dance which they gave at the legation later in the evening. The dinner guests included Miss Rose Padilla, Miss Caroline Thom, Miss Eleanor Wilson, Miss Helena Lodge, Miss Margaret Wilson, Miss Elizabeth Elkins, Miss Katherine Carlisle, Miss Katherine Wilkins, Miss Victoria Titus, Miss Isabel Thorndike, Miss Betty Chilton, Miss Virginia Mason, Countess Margaret Scherr-Thoss, Miss van Swinden, Baroness van Boetzelaer, wife of the Secretary of the Legation, and Mrs. van Schuylenburgh, wife of the Attaché of the Spanish Embassy, Senor Ramon Padilla; the Secretary of the Italian Embassy, Mr. Leonardo Vitteti; the Attaché of the French Embassy, Comte di Cellere; the Attaché of the German Embassy, Baron Wolfgang Putlitz; Mr. Andrew Wiley, the Third Secretary of the British Embassy, Mr. Michael Wright; Mr. Howland Chase, the Counselor of the Swedish Legation, Mr. Assau; the Attaché of the Swiss Legation, Mr. Walter Burroughs; Mr. Roger Cortesi, Mr. Eugene Roberts, Mr. McAllister, Baron van Boetzelaer, Secretary of the Netherlands Legation; the Attaché of the Legation, Mr. van Schuylenburgh; Mr. J. H. van Royen, Jr., and Mr. Paul van Royen.

After the dinner additional guests were invited to the embassy for the dance. The Minister and Mme. van Royen will entertain at dinner again on January 18.

Secretary Davis to Depart.

The Secretary of Labor, Mr. James J. Davis, will start today on a week's tour of the South. He will stop in New Orleans, and also in Lakeland and Sarasota, Fla.

Mrs. James Couzens, wife of Senator Couzens, was at home yesterday afternoon for the first time this season. Mrs. Couzens will also be at home Thursday, January 19.

Mrs. Charles S. Deneen, wife of Senator Deneen, and her daughter, Miss Bina Day Dineen, were at home yesterday afternoon.

Mrs. Cole L. Blease, wife of Senator Blease, has returned from a visit to her home in Columbus, S. C., and is at the Washington Hotel.

Frau Kiep, wife of the Charge d'Affaires of Germany, will be at home at Wardman Park Hotel on Friday, January 20, from 4 until 6 o'clock.

Mr. Fumio Morita, Attaché to the Japanese Embassy, will go to Japan about January 26 to take up special duties there.

The Third Secretary of the British Embassy and Mrs. Henry L. d'A. Hopkinson have returned to Washington after passing some time in Bermuda.

The Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Aeronautics, and Mrs. William P. MacCracken, Jr., will be at home informally Sunday afternoon from 5 until 7 o'clock at their home on Twenty-third street.

Mrs. Sanders Hostess.

Mrs. Everett Sanders, wife of the Secretary to the President, will be at home January 25 from 4 until 7 o'clock at the Mayflower Hotel.

Mrs. Alfred J. Brosecco entertained at luncheon yesterday in honor of Mrs. M. A. Bennett, Mrs. John M. Beavers, Mrs. Charles J. Bell, Mrs. M. B. Berryhill, Mrs. F. C. Billard, Mrs. Delos A. Blodgett, Miss Mabel T. Boardman, Mrs. Charles Brand, Mrs. Frank B. Briggs, Mrs. William C. Broadfoot, Mrs. Doyle, Mrs. E. Corbin, Mrs. Edward Doyle, Mrs. Hugh S. Cunningham, Mrs. Edward T. Clark, Mrs. Harry K. Daugherty, Mrs. James J. Davis, Mrs. W. Fred Dennett, Mrs. William F. Dennis, Mrs. Charles Deneen, Mrs. Amos G. Draper, Mrs. Proctor L. Dougherty, Mrs. Samuel Williams Earle, Mrs. Edward Eberle, Mrs. Stephen B. Elkins,

Mrs. Samuel Williams Earle, Mrs. Mrs. Merle Thorpe, Mrs. John Q. Tilson.

Mrs. Josiah A. Van Orsdel, Mrs. Mrs. Hart Fenn, Mrs. Amos A. Fries, Mrs. E. Hart Fenn, Mrs. Mrs. Frank S. High, Mrs. Lowell Fletcher, Mrs. James Carroll Frazer, Mrs. David S. St. Galliard, Mrs. Alfred E. Elsick, Mrs. Rhett Goode, Mrs. Frederick D. Grant, Mrs. Edwin C. Gregory, Mrs. Wallace W. White, Mrs. Charles Boughton Wood and Mrs. Adam M. Wyant.

Hitts Give Dinner.

Mr. and Mrs. Reynolds Hitt entertained at dinner last evening.

Mrs. John Allan Dougherty entertained at dinner last evening for Mrs. Natalie Sedgewick Colby.

Mrs. Joseph Edwin Washington will be at home this afternoon at 5 o'clock. Mrs. Washington will also receive January 20 and again January 27.

Mrs. Georgia Knox Berry entertained at luncheon yesterday, when her guests were Mr. and Mrs. George E. McKeon, Mr. Lloyd C. Marvin, Mrs. Brewster Marwick, Mrs. Celia G. Moore, Mrs. Matthews, Mrs. George Meester, Mrs. William A. Moffett, Mrs. Frank W. Mondell, Mrs. James T. Morris, Mrs. William S. New, Mrs. Lee S. Overman, Mrs. James S. Parker, Mrs. Thomas W. Phillips.

Mrs. Herbert M. Lord, wife of the Director of the Budget, will be at home informally today from 4 to 6 p.m.

Miss Smith, sister of the Rev. Dr. Herbert M. Lord, was at home informally yesterday afternoon. Miss Smith will

CONTINUED ON PAGE 11, COLUMN 4.

SILVERWARE
Repaired and Plated
D. L. BROMWELL
Established Over 50 Years.
1214-1214 Penna. Ave. N.W.

L
LACTOBACILLUS
ACIDOPHILUS MILK
For intestinal disorders.
Ask your physician about it. Good
for booklet.

National Vaccine & Antitoxin Institute
1515 Yule Street N.W.

Pine North 29

A

Van Winkle, Mrs. William S. Walker, Mrs. William D. West, Mrs. Parker W. West, Mrs. Curtis D. Wilbur, Mrs. James H. Willey, Mrs. Harley Payton Wilson, Mrs. Wallace W. White, Mrs. Charles Boughton Wood and Mrs. Adam M. Wyant.

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CONTINUED ON PAGE 11, COLUMN 4.

Francise

INCORPORATED
1919 Que St.

ALL HATS, \$5

CONTINUED ON PAGE 11, COLUMN 4.

THE MEN'S STORE—Second Floor

Our Annual Clearance of Men's Winter Clothes

Begins This Morning

Savings on the majority average more than 20%—
a few as low as 12½%—some as high as 43%

DOMESTIC SUITS

\$34 \$38

One-trouser Suits, in the wanted tones; very durably tailored from worsteds, cheviots, serges and unfinished worsteds. A limited number.

One and two trouser Suits in the lot. The fabrics include fine worsteds, unfinished worsteds, twists, serges and cheviots.

FOREIGN FABRIC SUITS, \$44 \$54

Suitings of our own importation, tailored to our own specifications along the now famous "Washington Type" lines.

Only a limited number; of fine worsteds and cheviots.

At each price above is included two and three button sacks and some double-breasted models, though we do not have every model in every size at every price.

OVERCOATS

Domestic English

Only a limited number of these garments, made by the leading English makers. \$44

\$28 Some fancy weaves as well as the more popular plain tones. Single and double-breasted models are included in the assortment.

\$38

Plenty of plain blues and grays; some of them with velvet collars are offered. Chesterfield models and single and double-breasted styles.

Fine coats, finely made from fine coatings, by the finest tailors in England. \$64

\$74 Some of the very best coats that The English Shop has ever offered are included.

Only a very limited number of these vastly superior garments are available at this reduced price. \$84

THE MEN'S STORE, SECOND FLOOR.

WANT A THRILL?

Read

"When Split Seconds Mean Eternities"

A LAUGH?

"Holleran Yell" by Westbrook Pegler

or

"More Mail for Al" by Will Rogers

AN ADVENTURE STORY?

"Where Shall We Explore Next?"

or

"Down the Money-Mad Trail to Ruin"

SOMETHING SCIENTIFIC?

"Eliminating Static from the Radio for the Navy"

or

"Science in Quest of Sun's Storage Energy."

A GOOD SHORT STORY?

"The Poacher and the Egg" by Frank Condon

SOMETHING FOR THE CHILDREN?

The Best Children's Page Published in Washington

Where to Find All These
IN THE MAGAZINE SECTION
OF THE BIG SUNDAYWashington Post
(The Capital's Greatest NEWspaper)

666

is a Prescription for
Colds, Grippe, Flu, Dengue,
Bilious Fever and Malaria.
It kills the germs.

SHADY REST SANATORIUM
SILVER SPRING, MD.
Men and women needing rest
and relaxation, for pre-operative,
post-operative, convalescent, etc.,
cases, go to Shady Rest Sanatorium.
Feel free to phone Mrs. Mc-
Carter, Superintendent, Silver
Spring, Md., for all information
convenient to city transportation lines.

**WATCH AND CLOCK
REPAIRING**
Clocks Called For—Delivered—Guaranteed
MANTLE and
GRANDFATHER CLOCKS
A Specialty
TRIBBY'S
615-15th Street
MAIN 7108
Next to Keith's

LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE
MOVING
PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK
BOSTON
RICHMOND AND POINTS SOUTH
FURNITURE INSURED
CALL NORTH 3342, 3343

**Quality—
That's
Town
Club—
Coffee**
After 10 Years
Town Club
Coffee
MS. COFFEE

**Mahogany Furniture,
Oriental Rugs, Paintings,
Bric-a-Brac, Etc.**
At
Public Auction
(by catalogues)
At
Sloan's Galleries
715 13th Street
Tuesday, Wednesday and
Thursday, January 17th,
18th and 19th, 1928
At 2 P. M. Each Day

WILL ROGERS URGES
FEDERAL FLOOD AID
BEFORE COMMITTEETells Reid House Group That
Government Should Pay
the Whole Bill.VOTE WOULD SHOW U. S.
UNANIMOUS, HE SAYSSouthern Folk Should Not Be
Kept "Half Drowned,"
He Declares.The voice of Will Rogers, cowboy
humorist and flood relief collector for
the Red Cross was raised yesterday before
the Reid committee on flood control in favor of the Federal
control legislation in favor of the Federal
Government taking full responsibility
for controlling the flood waters of
the Nation's streams.Appearing before the committee as a
member of the Oklahoma delegation
which favored the Reid project for relief,
Rogers said the country at large
would back Congress in providing relief
for the flood.The humorist arrived at the com-
mittee room with Representative Howard
Long (Democrat), of Oklahoma, who
nominated him for the Presidency on
the floor of the House Monday. He
was appointed to the "Price"委员
and not under his honorary title of
congressman at large. Before taking
the stand Rogers admitted that he "was
scared to death.""This is the first time I have ap-
peared before a congressional com-
mittee," he said. "I never have been a witness in court
nor have I ever had much to do with
lawyers. So you can see I am scared."

Visits Press Table.

He sauntered over to the press table
to say "Hello, boys," and wistfully
added: "Here's where I belong. Wish I
had a pencil."Chairman Reid put Rogers up the right
way in the same paces that confront every
other witness who appears before the
committee."What's your name?" Reid asked.
"Will Rogers," replied the witness.
"What's your present address?""I'm waiting for the best offer from
California and Oklahoma. Beverly
Hills is my postoffice address.""What's your business?"
"Everybody's.""You have heard of the Mississippi
flood?""Yes, I am one of the few congress-
men who have heard of it.""You have helped raise funds for the
Red Cross relief."

People Liked Relief.

"Yes, I have been around the coun-
try on my little tour, and every night
I've got to go to bed at 8 o'clock because I
feel that the flood ought to get what
was left. The flood came at a very un-
fortunate time. The people couldn't
learn about it. The Snyder and Gray
murder trial was on and the flood got
a little publicity. I was in New
England on my tour, and the people
there were very liberal—even in Ver-
mont.""I afterward went over the flooded
area. The Navy supplied me with an
airplane and I flew all over the terri-
tory and had no little trouble finding
that there was a flood there. If the
Government can't supply relief, it at
least should provide more airplanes
because that is the only way to see a
flood right. You're high and dry in an
airplane."The flood was a terrible thing and
the Red Cross did a tremendous
amount of work. The relief was so suc-
cessful that the hardest part was to

House.

Met at noon and adjourned at 5:05
to noon today.Continued debate on Interior De-
partment appropriation bill by Repre-
sentative Gilson (Republican),Vermont, revealed that Herbert D.
Brown, chief of the United States Bu-
reau of Efficiency, had received \$9,000
for working "on the side" for the Du
Pont interests of Wilmington, Del.

Secretary of the Navy Wilbur told the

House naval committee that the Navy

Department had drafted a comprehen-
sive 20-year building program. The

\$20,000,000 program had been urged,

he said, is only a part of the 20-year
program, which would cost \$30,000,-
000,000.

Will Rogers, cowboy humorist, told

the House flood control committee that
if the Government can not furnish re-
lief, then the flood must go.

Representative Beck (Republican),

Wisconsin, introduced a bill which
would give World War veterans another
chance to take out Government in-

surance.

Navy Yard to Test
Alaska Reindeer Meat

Associated Press.)

Alaskan reindeer meat is to be tried

out in the mess of the Bremerton,

Wash., Navy Yard to see if it can win

a place on the Navy's ration menu.

Commissioner of Education Tigray

has informed a House subcommittee

which considered the Interior Depart-

ment's appropriation that 1,565 pounds

of reindeer meat was sent for test

meals for sailors at the navy yard.

He declared that if the experiment

proved successful it might provide a

market for the \$31,000 reindeer in

Alaska.

Denby Promoted
In Marine Corps

Edwin Denby, Detroit, Mich., former

Secretary of the Navy, has been pro-
moted from a major to a lieutenant

colonel in the Marine Corps Reserve.

Secretary of the Navy Wilbur said

yesterday the promotion had been made

on recommendation of Maj. Gen. John

A. Lejeune, corps commandant.

Appeal Filed in Jackson Case.

The appeal of Philip Jackson, colored

under sentence of death following his

conviction on a charge of feloniously

assaulting a white man in the District

Supreme Court. The appeal is not

from the death sentence but from a

decision of former Justice Adolph A.

Hoehling, denying Jackson a jury trial

on the question of his sanity. The date

for the execution of Jackson was set for

November 11, 1927, but was postponed

until next April because of the

death of Justice Hoehling.

John Erskine on Tour as Pianist.

New York, Jan. 12 (A.P.)—John Erskine, author and Columbia University, has

signed as pianist with the New York

Symphony Orchestra and will make a

tour next month with the organization.

Erskine made his debut as a pianist

at a recital a year ago.

Have you seen their Art Metal Radiator

enclosures? Made to order in hand-

painted metal to match the walls,

drapes or even the grain of wood you

desire, they transform a necessary evil

into a lovely and exceedingly useful

addition to any room.

They prevent smudged walls and

hangings—you know how you have

been trying to keep them clean.

Ask them to tell you something of the

story surrounding each article. It is

more wonderful than any fairy tale.

Have you discovered the Old English

pumpkin bread which the Tallyho

Tavern, 810 Seventeenth Street, is

serving? If you haven't, be sure and

ask for it the next time you are in.

Among the many lovely things to be

seen in the Jewelry Room of the

Jewelry Room of the Jewelers

Circle, a slope top desk of inlaid wal-

nut, a Sheraton china closet, which

was a gift from a friend.

Reduced, the set is \$12.

There are any number of other attrac-

tive models—one with a deep fur-

collar—reduced to \$16.50.

Margaret Withers carries hats, too,

for children to 14 years. One of par-

ticular quality velours in forest

green is \$20.

Are you wondering about price? Well,

as a shopper, I can tell you that you'd

probably pay no more at Underwood &

Underswood than you'd pay at the

studios that have not reached their

prominence. I do know that they have

styles as low as \$20 a dozen.

Are you wondering about price? Well,

as a shopper, I can tell you that you'd

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Are you wondering about price? Well,

as a shopper, I can tell you that you'd

probably pay no more at Underwood &

Vapors stop Colds

ONLY vapors can reach colds direct. That's why Vicks brings such quick relief.

When rubbed on at bed-time it is vaporized by the body heat and breathed right into the air passages and lungs; at the same time it stimulates the skin like a poultice.



DEMAND FOR TARIFF REDUCTION GROWING IN SENATE'S DEBATE

Farm Republicans and Some Democrats Join McMaster to Obtain Changes.

MELLON MONOPOLY CHARGED BY WALSH

Declares Aluminum Company Has Received Gift of From \$3,000,000 to \$5,000,000.

(Associated Press)

Advocates of the modified resolution of Senator McMaster (Republican), South Dakota, under which the Senate would call for an immediate revision of the tariff, carried the Senate through yesterday, with farm Republicans and some Democrats joining hands in demanding the adoption of the measure.

Senator Walsh (Democrat), Montana, called particularly for downward revision of the duty affecting aluminum products. Through this duty, he insisted, "a gift of from \$3,000,000 to \$5,000,000" had been given to the Aluminum Co. of America, of which, he said, "Andrew Mellon, Secretary of the Treasury," is the controlling factor.

Price Rises Cited.

The Montana senator repeated his charges that the Aluminum Co. of America had an "iron bound monopoly" of the aluminum industry. While a duty of 3 cents a pound was imposed on aluminum when the price was 22 cents a pound, he insisted that the cost of production in the United States was and now is only one cent a pound. Since the tariff became effective, he said, the price had been increased to 27 cents a pound, "all out of the pocket of American householders and manufacturers."

Senators Borah, of Idaho, and Nye,

SECRETARY KELLOGG RENEWS PEACE TREATY OFFER TO FRANCE

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1.
the Government of the United States in communication to the British, German, Italian, and Japanese governments transmitting the text of M. Briand's original proposal and copies of the subsequent correspondence between the governments of France and the United States for their consideration and comment."

The American note expressed great gratification over the French approval in principle of the American suggestion that the covenant be multilateral. "There can be no doubt that the original American treaty would be a far more effective instrument for the promotion of pacific relations than a mere agreement between the United States and France alone, and if the present efforts of the two governments achieve ultimate success, they will have made a memorable contribution to the cause of world peace."

Discussing, however, the procedure proposed by the French to negotiate a multilateral treaty, noting that the United States would sign the pact initially, the note said "that this procedure is open to the objection that a treaty, even though acceptable to France and the United States, might for some reason be unacceptable to one of the great powers. In event of such a result, the pact would not come into force and the present efforts of France and the United States would be rendered abortive."

"This unhappy result would not necessarily follow," disengagement as to termination arising prior to the definite approval by any government of a proposed form of treaty, since it is by no means unreasonable to suppose that the views of the governments concerned could be accommodated through

of North Dakota, Republicans demanded greater protection for agriculture. Upward revision of the duties on agricultural products was declared "vital" by Mr. Borah, who called for the "dedication of the home market to the products of American farmers." The North Dakota senator asked supplementary legislation for the farmers to support the tariff protection that might be given them.

Senator Shipstead (Farmer-Labor), Minnesota, argued that the increase in the tariff had not resulted in increased wages and, on the contrary, he declared that greater production had resulted in fewer wage earners.

informal preliminary discussions and a text devised which would be acceptable to them all.

"The chances and the United States are too deeply interested in the success of their endeavors for the advancement of peace to be willing to jeopardize the ultimate accomplishment of their purpose by incurring unnecessary risk of disagreement."

In the original French suggestion last June for an antistar pact, Secretary Kellogg said in his note, there was no suggestion that it should refer only to "wars of aggression." The original proposal contained no specific qualification or limitation. On the contrary, it provided unequivocally for the renunciation by the high contracting parties of all war as an instrument of national policy.

Mr. Kellogg informed of the reasons which have led your government to suggest this modification of its original proposal," the note continued, "but I earnestly hope that it is of no particular significance and that it is not to be taken as an indication that the government of the United States is unwilling to join with the Government of the United States in proposing that the original formula submitted by M. Briand, which envisaged the unqualified renunciation of all war as an instrument of national policy, be made the subject of preliminary discussions with the other great powers."

Secretary Mellon does not expect that any further international negotiations between the United States and France looking to settlement of the French war debt will be initiated until May.

Or that date a French national election will settle the political control of the country and American officials are inclined to believe that one result will be the fixation of French policy toward the debt.

At this time there are no diplomatic overtures in progress on the subject. The matter has remained untouched for several months.

France, in the meantime, has made remarkable progress, in Secretary Mel-

lon's opinion, toward settling its own internal currency difficulties. He is inclined to regard the increased value of the franc as an evidence of French confidence in its own country's economy stronger than a result of a movement toward stabilizing currency in the formal fashion.

This probability is further accentuated by the fact that the French do not envisage the other big European powers among the parties to any peace treaty except one restricted to condemning aggressive wars. France is virtually certain to be supported in her thesis by Great Britain, Italy and Germany, and possibly Japan.

Accordingly, the Quai d'Orsay will accept Mr. Kellogg's proposal for a multilateral treaty to be negotiated in ensemble, but with this provision—with the insistence that this peace be negotiated through the regular diplomatic channels and exchanges of delegations by a special conference of delegates appointed by the various governments concerned.

No word has yet been received regarding a separate arbitration treaty under discussion at Washington and Paris, and it is difficult to give a separate response as to this. In regard to the arbitration pact, it is hoped that the two French amendments suggested by M. Briand will not meet with serious objections in the State Department and that an accord may rapidly be concluded.

(Copyright, 1928.)

First, that the French look with considerable skepticism upon the practicality of a world peace organization since the United States has refused so steadfastly to join the League of Nations. How, then, French statesmen ask themselves, can we expect the United States to approve such a multilateral pact if it be formed?

Secondly, the Quai d'Orsay certainly will insist upon the adoption of the Briand modification to cover aggressive wars.

Thirdly, the reaction in official circles is that, although the French are deeply disappointed over the shattering of the peace pact, the Quai d'Orsay will find it extremely difficult to avoid yielding to Mr. Kellogg's insistence that the six big powers all undertake to solve the problem together.

It must be noted to this, Foreign Minister Briand would be in the position of telling the world that France had every confidence in the peaceful intentions of the United States, but did not trust her nearer neighbors.

Obviously, M. Briand does not want to create any such impression. It is, therefore, difficult to see how France can do anything but accept Wash-

Edmonston & Co., Inc.
Exclusive Washington Agency
STACY-ADAMS & CO.'S
Nationally Known Shoes
for Gentlemen



STACY-ADAMS SHOES for GENTLEMEN

Standard of the World
For Style, Quality, Value

The finest stock in leather and findings that is obtainable is put into S.-A. footwear—while the designers and men "on the bench" constitute a permanent force of craftsmen who have demonstrated their unusual ability in their lines.

The shoes FIT, they LAST WELL and make permanent patrons.

EDMONSTON & CO., Inc.

No Branch Stores
CARL M. BETZ, Manager

612 13th Street Advisers and Authorities on All Foot Troubles

Lvs. Washington (Union Station) 7:30 A.M.
Arr. Washington 10:05 A.M., Chester,
10:25 A.M. West Philadelphia Broad Street,
10:50 A.M. Chester Broad Street.

RETURNING,Leave Philadelphia 7:45 P.M.
Arr. Washington 8:05 P.M., West Philadelphia, 7:45 P.M., Chester 8:05 P.M., Wilmington, 8:25 P.M.

Similar Excursions
February 12, 26, March 11, 25, April 8, 22

Special Train

Lvs. Washington (Union Station) 7:30 A.M.

Arr. Washington 10:05 A.M., Chester,
10:25 A.M. West Philadelphia Broad Street.

RETURNING,Leave Philadelphia 7:45 P.M.
Arr. Washington 8:05 P.M., West Philadelphia, 7:45 P.M., Chester 8:05 P.M., Wilmington, 8:25 P.M.

Similar Excursions
February 12, 26, March 11, 25, April 8, 22

January 15, 29

AND RETURN

SUNDAYS

Special Train

Lvs. Washington (Union Station) 7:30 A.M.

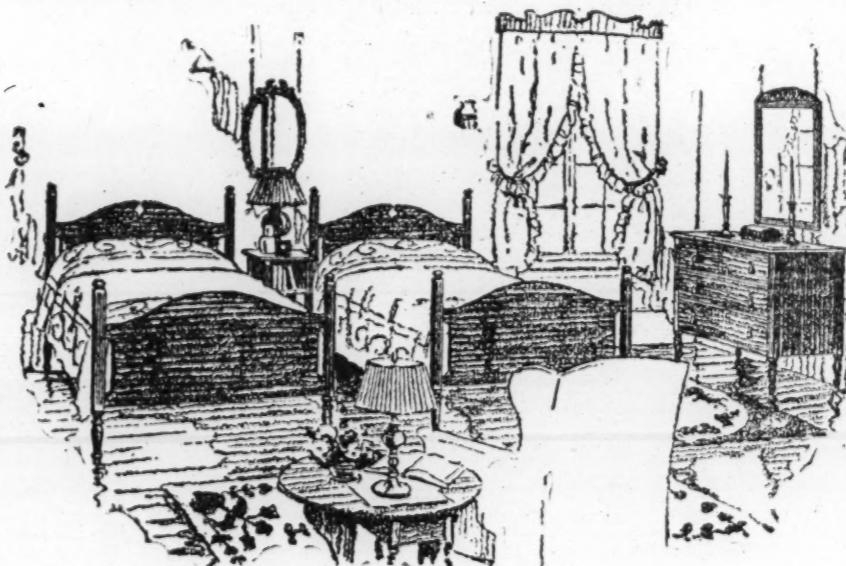
Arr. Washington 10:05 A.M., Chester,
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Similar Excursions
February 12, 26, March 11, 25, April 8, 22

Pennsylvania Railroad

Complete, with twin beds, bureau with mirror, chest, toilet mirror, dressing table, night table, side chair and bench, the early American Bed Room suite costs \$485.00



The Decorating Staff of W. & J. Sloane is always ready to submit suggestions when requested. It is a part of the W. & J. Sloane service and incurs, of course, no charge.

Attain a Charming Bed Room at a Conservative Cost — at W. & J. SLOANE'S

SLIPPER CHAIR
for the Boudoir
In a selection of chintz
coverings
\$30

POWDER TABLES
Handy accessory in the
Bed Room
from \$40

PLAIN COLOR RUGS

In the 9' x 12' size a number of these rugs, exceptionally desirable for the Bed Room, are priced at

\$50

W. & J. SLOANE

709-711-713 TWELFTH STREET, N. W., WASHINGTON, D. C.

"The House with the Green Shutters"

STORE OPEN FROM 9 A.M. TO 5:30 P.M. DAILY, INCLUDING SATURDAY

Charge Accounts Conveniently Arranged

Freight Paid To All Shipping Points in the United States

Sloane Endorsed Merchandise Carries An Assurance of Satisfaction

KAY'S 12th ANNUAL TRADE-IN-WATCH SALE

"The Originators of the Trade-In Watch Sale"

T HE big event is here! Make 1928 the year in which you discard that worthless, unreliable timepiece you have been carrying, for a standard make, guaranteed, dependable watch. Every year our Trade-in Sale has proved a greater success, and this year we are prepared for the largest business in our history!

At Least \$5 Allowed On Your Old Watch

No matter how old your watch may be, or what its condition—we will allow you AT LEAST \$5.00 on it in exchange for a new one. We sell all standard make, nationally known watches, such as ILLINOIS-STERLING, HAMILTONS, WALTHAMs, ELGINs, HOWARDS, BUNN SPECIALS, BULOVA, LACOS, etc., at standard cash prices, with no extra charge for LIBERAL CREDIT TERMS.

\$1.00 a Week Will Do on Any Standard Make Watch

We Guarantee Every Watch We Sell—New Movement Free If Original One Fails to Give Satisfactory Service.

Wrist Watches

Ladies—if you are included in this event!—here's an offer you can't afford to miss! Trade in your old wrist watch for a new, standard, guaranteed timepiece.

All standard makes, including Elgin, Hamiltons, Bulova, Illinois, Lacos, &c.

Trade In Your Old Clock

We will make a liberal allowance for it on any new, guaranteed, standard clock, such as Seth Thomas, Sessions, Gilbert, Ingraham, etc. EASY TERMS.

We want to place a new alarm clock in every house. \$1.00 allowed for your old alarm clock, regardless of condition.

AMERICA'S LARGEST CREDIT-JEWELERS IN STOCKS IN PRINCIPAL CITIES

KAY JEWELRY COMPANY

DIAMONDS • WATCHES • SILVERWARE • CLOCKS

407 7th St. Main 206

For Correct Time Phone Main 206

Baltimore Store, 7 West Lexington St.

PAY KAY PAY DAY
Any Standard Size
Watch Crystal Fitted
15c

WASHINGTON'S FINEST MEN'S WEAR STORE

New
*KNOX
HATS
for
Spring!



THE things KNOX does to a hat is one reason why hats bearing the KNOX label are famous for their smart simplicity. Dozens of new models in the new colors have arrived, and are moderately priced at—

\$10 \$18 \$20

The Woman's Shop of the

Raleigh Haberdasher
INC.
1310 F Street

*Sole Agents

FREE OF CHARGE!

yes, just that—

The Washington Post

will insert your Help Wanted Male or Female, Situation Wanted Male or Female or Lost or Found advertisement, set in solid type, for three times free of charge

JEWEL THEFT SUSPECT AGAIN ATTEMPTS TO DIE

Third Effort to Kill Self Is Made by Robert Evans at Police Court.

FACES ROBBERY CHARGE

Robert Evans, 23, of Arizona and New York, who was arrested January 9 after an alleged spectacular robbery of the jewelry store of Samuel Mitchell, 711 Ninth street, made a third attempt to kill himself yesterday morning at Police Court courtroom by banging his head against the bars of the cell door.

According to witnesses the prisoner seized the bars with both hands and banged his head back and forth against the bars somewhat after the fashion of a woodpecker. Doctor Harry Marshall Milton, Lee, and several prison officials and pulled Evans away from the bars before he had time to do any serious injury to himself.

He had been brought to court for arraignment on charges of housebreaking and robbery. Bonds totaling \$50,000 were demanded by Assistant District Attorney Ralph Givens for the release of Evans. The latter was remanded to Gallinger Hospital for mental observation. The charges now go to the grand jury.

Shortly after his arrest Evans tried to choke himself to death with a chain from the bunk in the cell at the First Precinct. Later he tried to end his life in Gallinger Hospital.

Wife Wins Divorce Decree.

Mrs. Charlotte E. Porter Eno, of 4510 Thirteenth street, who was divorced from her husband, Leno Eno, of Saskatoon, Canada, wife of Thomas L. Eno, of Lansing, Mich., was awarded an interlocutory decree for absolute divorce against him yesterday by Justice Hitz in Equity Court. They were married March 4, 1918 and have two children. Eno is a Frankfort, Ky., police officer, the marriage, according to his wife, The latter also charged that Eno had been arrested in Lansing with the other woman. Eno was formerly a member of the Lansing police force. Attorney Etta L. Taggart appeared for Mrs. Eno.

DEATHS REPORTED.

Mary C. McCulland, 84 years, 15 Q st. ne, Patrick J. Manning, 73 yrs., 3612 Ordway st., new.

William L. Henley, 67 yrs., Army and Navy Club, Inc., nw.

Alexander H. McCormick, Jr., 61 yrs., 815 Court ave., nw.

Howard Whisler, 55 yrs., Kane's lane ne.

Winfred Donnelly, 54 yrs., Georgetown

Lena M. Binder, 82 yrs., 1726 R st. se.

Paul Moffett, 62 yrs., Geo. Wash. Hosp.

Michael H. La Vangie, 49 yrs., Tuberculosis Hosp.

John D. Shepard, 71 yrs., 1305 Q st. nw.

Ann Matthews, 69 yrs., 1909 Lincoln pl. se.

Lucinda Armandt, 62 yrs., 86 Howard rd.

William Proctor, 57 yrs., 228 V st. nw.

DEPARTURES FROM NORMAL.

Accumulated excess of temperature since January 1, 1928, 23 degrees.

Accumulated deficiency of precipitation since January 1, 1928, 1.28 inches.

Deficiency of precipitation since January 1, 1928, 1.28 inches.

DEPARTURES FROM NORMAL.

Forecast of flying weather for Jan. 13, 1928 Washington to Long Island, N. Y.—Mostly overcast sky Friday, risk of rain in morning and afternoon, winds up to 1,000 feet and west-southwest winds at 5,000 feet.

Washington to Norfolk, Va.—Partly overcast sky Friday, risk of rain in morning and afternoon, winds up to 1,000 feet and strong south-southwest winds at 5,000 feet.

Washington to Dayton, Ohio—Partly overcast sky Friday, some risk of light local rains in west portion of route; moderate to fresh north-south winds up to 1,000 feet and west-southwest at 5,000 feet.

Washington to Toledo, Ohio—Partly overcast sky Friday, risk of rain near Uniontown; fresh west winds up to 1,000 feet and west-southwest winds up to 5,000 feet.

Detroit, Mich., to Raubolt, Ill.—Partly overcast sky Friday; fresh westerly winds up to 1,000 feet and west-northwest gale at 5,000 feet.

Raubolt, Ill., to Uptown, Pa.—Partly overcast sky Friday; risk of rain in morning and afternoon, winds up to 1,000 feet and west-northwest gale at 5,000 feet.

Temperatures and Precipitation.

Temperatures and precipitation for 24 hours ended Thursday, S. D. m.

Highest Wed. Thur. Highest Sat. 8 A.M.

Washington, D. C. 54 40 44

Ashville, N. C. 62 38 54

Baltimore, Md. 50 34 40

Atlantic City, N. J. 50 34 40

Albion, N. Y. 54 42 44

Baltimore, N. D. 44 38 38

Boston, Mass. 44 39 40

Buffalo, N. Y. 44 32 42

Chicago, Ill. 46 32 42

Cincinnati, Ohio. 56 38 48

Clarendon, Mass. 50 34 40

Cleveland, Ohio. 48 31 48

Davenport, Iowa. 50 32 46

Des Moines, Iowa. 60 55 50

Florida, Fla. 40 30 40

Gainesville, Fla. 61 38 60

Hartford, Conn. 68 34 48

Indianapolis, Ind. 51 39 50

Jay-Jessville, Fla. 60 48 62

Kansas City, Mo. 42 32 42

Little Rock, Ark. 70 44 64

Los Angeles, Calif. 81 38 44

Madison, Wis. 42 38 48

Memphis, Tenn. 62 48 66

Mobile, Ala. 55 38 56

Montgomery, Ala. 55 38 56

New Orleans, La. 66 46 60

New York, N. Y. 68 38 47

North Platte, Neb. 63 34 48

Philadelphia, Pa. 59 49 42

Phoenix, Ariz. 74 38 70

Pittsburgh, Pa. 55 38 52

Portland, Maine. 55 23 34

Portland, Ore. 55 50 52

Seattle, Wash. 55 38 48

Tampa, Fla. 65 50 60

Toledo, Ohio. 48 32 46

Vicksburg, Miss. 68 52 64

The Weather

TODAY'S SUN AND TIDE TABLE

Sun rises 7:28 High tide... 12:24 12:30
Sun sets 8:07 Low tide... 7:00 7:30

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

U. S. Dept. of Agriculture, Weather Bureau Washington, Thursday, Jan. 12, 8 p. m. Partly cloudy, winds variable. Continues slightly Friday, possibly light rain in the morning; slightly warmer Friday; generally fair; fresh southwest and west winds Friday.

For Virginia: partly cloudy Friday, some rain in the morning; winds variable, generally fair; fresh southwest winds Friday.

For Maryland: cloudy Friday, possibly light rain in the morning; winds variable, generally fair; fresh southwest winds Friday.

For Pennsylvania: partly cloudy Friday, some rain in the morning; winds variable, generally fair; fresh southwest winds Friday.

For New Jersey: partly cloudy Friday, some rain in the morning; winds variable, generally fair; fresh southwest winds Friday.

For Connecticut: partly cloudy Friday, some rain in the morning; winds variable, generally fair; fresh southwest winds Friday.

For Rhode Island: partly cloudy Friday, some rain in the morning; winds variable, generally fair; fresh southwest winds Friday.

For Massachusetts: partly cloudy Friday, some rain in the morning; winds variable, generally fair; fresh southwest winds Friday.

For Vermont: partly cloudy Friday, some rain in the morning; winds variable, generally fair; fresh southwest winds Friday.

For New Hampshire: partly cloudy Friday, some rain in the morning; winds variable, generally fair; fresh southwest winds Friday.

For Maine: partly cloudy Friday, some rain in the morning; winds variable, generally fair; fresh southwest winds Friday.

For New England: partly cloudy Friday, some rain in the morning; winds variable, generally fair; fresh southwest winds Friday.

For New York: partly cloudy Friday, some rain in the morning; winds variable, generally fair; fresh southwest winds Friday.

For New Jersey: partly cloudy Friday, some rain in the morning; winds variable, generally fair; fresh southwest winds Friday.

For New England: partly cloudy Friday, some rain in the morning; winds variable, generally fair; fresh southwest winds Friday.

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For New England: partly cloudy Friday, some rain in the morning; winds variable, generally fair; fresh southwest winds Friday.

For New England: partly cloudy Friday,

Our Week-End Specials

Sweet Peas
75c bunch

— are eagerly anticipated by those who like to indulge their liking for fresh flowers with economy.

Baskets of Assorted Cut Flowers, \$1.50 Up
Blooming Plants, \$1 Up
Sweet Peas, 75c bunch

Cash & Carry Flower Stores

Funeral Flowers Delivered Free—Nominal Charge on Other Orders
807 14th Street N.W. **804 17th Street N.W.**
Phone Franklin 5442 Phone Franklin 10301

FIREMEN RESTORE LIFE TO BABY DECLARED DEAD

Exhausted After 21 Hours of Pumping Oxygen, Crew Is Successful.

FAINT WAIL IS REWARD

Chicago, Jan. 12 (A.P.)—A faint wail from a 12-day-old baby was the reward today for six city firemen who, for 21 hours, had pumped life-giving oxygen into the infant's lungs.

To strengthen further the tiny spark of life beating in its baby breast, its mother, Mrs. Joseph Smith, the mother of the child, 12 months, ranging from 17 to 22 years of age, just had given two ounces of her blood.

The transfusion developed a marked change in the condition of the infant, which once had been declared dead.

Late today the firemen opened their thirty-fourth tank of oxygen, and there was the possibility of another slight transfusion, although the hospital report was that the infant was breathing more easily and was receiving nourishment.

The transfusion, through a cranial vein, required but five minutes.

The blood transfer was determined upon when Dr. I. A. Abt, an eminent specialist, was called after the firemen had fought to exhaustion through the night.

This was the second time the firemen had rested from their effort in many hours.

The baby was born New Year's day, the first in the Smith home in seventeen years, and the mother had waited for an operation developed. After that the child's strength ebbed steadily until yesterday the baby suddenly ceased to breathe and its body turned black.

Mrs. Smith excitedly called the firemen, who, unaware of the nature of the call, responded in regulation fire-fighting garb.

Cosmopolitan Club Chairmen Appointed

Appointments of chairmen and vice chairmen for the standing committees of the Cosmopolitan Club for the year were made at the Lee House yesterday by Edith C. Ruth, new president. The committee made up:

Walter Gavler, chairman, and William H. Callahan, vice chairman of the membership committee; Philip Buettner, Peter F. Gordon, classification; Roy W. Crampton, Ferdinand Waldman, entertainment.

Bernard G. Lennon, William Galt Burns, publicity; Dr. Edwin H. Silver, James E. Colliflower, forum; W. H. Ronsville, Herman A. Schultheis, auditing committee; Paul P. Brandstadt, Charles S. Baker, relief committee; Frederick Brooks, Anton W. Autz, men's committee; George W. Vierbuchen, Harry L. Hoffman, attendance committee; E. E. Downham, Eugene Faravano, sick committee; Frederick M. Pelzman, sergeant at arms; Frank T. Driscoll, alternate; Gordon Bonnette, son, leader.

Wife Sues for Divorce.

Mrs. Mary L. Ryan, 312 Fourteenth street southwest, who says that her husband, William J. Ryan, 1424 W street northwest, has threatened to kill her and their young son, filed suit yesterday in Equity Court for a limited divorce. The suit was filed through Attorney Cornelius A. Doherty. The plaintiff says that Ryan obtained custody of the baby by a ruse on January 5. The Ryans were married April 10, 1926.

Mrs. Dorn to Receive.

Mrs. E. J. Dorn will be at home on Saturday from 4 to 7 o'clock. With her

SOCIETY EVENTS

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 7.
receive Thursday afternoons in January.

Mrs. George D. Hoye, who is now living at the Plaza in New York, will be among the guests at the farewell party to be given by Sir Hugh and Lady Denison before they sail for England tomorrow.

The former Secretary of the Navy, Mr. Josephus Daniels, arrived yesterday and is a guest at the Mayflower.

The board of trustees and the committee of the National Presbyterian Church have issued invitations for a dinner Friday evening, January 20, at the Mayflower Hotel.

Mrs. William G. Wheeler entertained at the second of a series of luncheons yesterday at the Wardman Park Hotel, when his guests of honor were Mrs. A. Lovett Frank, Mrs. John Marshall, the guest of Mrs. Fernando Cuniberti. Her other guests were Mrs. Cuniberti, Mrs. Thomas F. Woodlock, Miss Elizabeth Byrne, Mrs. Henry Cooper, Mrs. Leslie L. Shultz, Mrs. W. Irving Glover, Mrs. Frank Kennedy, Mrs. John Marshall, Mrs. Strickland Gilliland, Mrs. L. C. Hamilton, Mrs. Elwood P. Morey, Mrs. Frank L. Hatch, Mrs. Charles J. Williamson, Mrs. J. L. Loose, Mrs. W. D. Baker, Mrs. Bertha Helm, Mrs. Llewellyn D. Cardwell and Mrs. M. Mooney.

Former Senator Owen Host.

Former Senator Robert Owen, of Indianapolis, entertained informally at the Mayflower yesterday at the Willard. The wife was passing the winter at the Mayflower.

Mrs. Henry Alvah Strong, of New York, who is passing the winter at the Mayflower, entertained at dinner there yesterday evening in honor of Mrs. Joseph Van Beuren, Wissmann, of Morristown, N. J., when the other members of the party included former Gov. Thomas E. Campbell, of Arizona, and Mrs. Campbell; Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Byrd, of Harrisonburg, Va.; Mrs. Sarah Worthington, Miss Makletta Mead, Miss Alice Worthington, Mr. Frank Bancroft and Mr. Moulton Thomas.

Mrs. and Mrs. Aldrich Dugidg, of Mid-dlebury, Va., are guests at the Pocahontas for several days.

Mrs. T. Reed and Mrs. J. A. Little are staying at the Sevilla Biltmore Hotel at Havana, Cuba.

Mrs. Wrisley Brown was hostess last evening at a luncheon in honor of Miss Susie Maynard, American girl.

Miss Jeanette Hume, Miss Florence Wetherill, Miss Eulona Hamilton, Miss Virginia Russell, Miss Margaret Bacon, Miss Theodore Catalani, Miss Ellen Miss Frances Hall, Miss Lillian LaGarde, Miss Imogene Taylor, Miss Edith Maynard, Miss Cleo Stowell, Miss Neasey, Miss Bina Denney, Miss Peggy Burch, Miss Rebecca Davidson, Miss Katherine Cunliffe-Owen, Miss Jane Love, Miss Lillian Latimer, Miss Celeste Poole, Miss Carolyn Wilcox, Miss Marlene Davis, Miss Lester de Ferre, Miss Ruth Jones, Miss Alice Abbie, Miss Anna Abbie, Miss Alice Rice and Miss Carolyn Alexander.

The Governor of Texas, Mr. Dan Moody, is at the Mayflower.

Mrs. Nellie Tayloe Ross, former Governor of Wyoming, is also a guest at the Mayflower.

Mrs. Frank E. Corbett arrived last evening at the Carlton to visit her son, Mr. Frank T. Corbett.

Mrs. Dorn to Receive.

Mrs. E. J. Dorn will be at home on Saturday from 4 to 7 o'clock. With her

REMOVAL SALE**OF LUGGAGE**

THE BERMAN CO. Is Closing Up Their Branch Store at At 1425 F Street N.W.

ENTIRE STOCK OF LUGGAGE

WARDROBES
DRESS TRUNKS
STEAMER TRUNKS
LOCKER TRUNKS

TRAVEL BAGS
SUIT CASES
OVERNIGHT CASES
FITTED CASES

HAT BOXES
BRIEF CASES
FITTED ROLLS
GLADSTONES

AT 1/4 TO 1/2 OFF

Our Main Store at 1304 F Street N.W. Is Too Small to Hold This Big Additional Stock, Therefore

EVERYTHING MUST BE SOLD

WE DON'T WANT TO "STORAGE" THIS STOCK.

SALES AT BOTH STORES

1425 F Street N.W. and 1304 F Street N.W.
(Across From Wash. Hotel)
FIXTURES, SHOWCASES, REGISTERS FOR SALE.

350 Plan to Attend Banquet of Chamber

Ivan C. Weld, general chairman of the committee arranging for the annual meeting of the Washington Chamber of Commerce to be held at the Mayflower Hotel January 24, announced yesterday that approximately 350 members and guests will attend the dinner. The occasion will mark the twenty-first anniversary of the chamber.

Colonial Dames Election.

Mrs. James Cawell Frazer was re-elected president of the Club of Colonial Dames at the January meeting. Mrs. Quin was chosen vice president; Mrs. Claudia Northrop, second vice president; Mrs. Helen Palmer, recording secretary, and Mrs. Austin McCarthy, corresponding secretary.

Newly elected officers were Mrs. Henry Lyne, treasurer, and the governors for three years are Mrs. Edward Payson Hall, Mrs. John H. Small and Mrs. Richard S. Hill.

Mrs. Brooks Fletcher. representative from Ohio, will talk on "Psychological Gold Bricks" Saturday at 8 p.m. at the Mayflower. Mrs. Fletcher will sing a group of songs. A reception in honor of Representative and Mrs. Fletcher will follow the lecture.

The St. David Welsh Society held their first meeting of the year at the Wilson Normal School on Tuesday evening, with the president, Dr. Robert J. Jones, in the chair. A large attendance was noted and it is hoped that with the varied programs these meetings will attract all the people in the vicinity of Washington. The society aims to promote interest in the language, music and literature of Wales. Miss Edith A. Williams, 3512 Eleventh street, is secretary, from whom information may be secured.

Mrs. Jerome Lightfoot. chairman of the Department of American Citizenship of the Federation of Women's Clubs of the District of Columbia, will have as her guest of honor Dr. Robert J. Alford, the national chairman of the department of the federation. The chairman of the various committees of the department also will be present. Mrs. Sarah E. Deeds, Mrs. Jessie A. Cunningham, Mrs. Mary C. O'Neil, Mrs. M. S. Parker, Mrs. Fred T. F. Johnson, Mrs. Nancy D. North and Mrs. Charles P. Keyser.

Mrs. H. S. Mulliken. who has been conducting a lecture tour throughout the Midwestern area for the American Red Cross, is again in St. Louis, Mo., attending the regional conference of the organization. Mrs. Mulliken is the guest of Mrs. Newton R. Wilson.

The Radcliffe Club of Washington will hold a tea Sunday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Ellery C. Stowell, in Chevy Chase. The guest of honor is to be Mrs. Margaret Gilman, daughter of Dr. Arthur Gilman, for many years treasurer of Radcliffe College. Miss Helen Pigeon, executive secretary of the International Policewomen's Association, will give a talk on the activities of the organization with which she is connected. Mrs. Stowell, the hostess, is secretary of the club; Miss Ethel M. Springer, president; Miss Hazel Young, treasurer.

The Troubadours of George Washington University, who are presenting their collegiate musical comedy, "Sharp and Flats," at the Wardman Park Theater all this week, announced the following list of matrons and princesses: President and Mrs. Floyd Hech Marvin, Mr. and Mrs. Morris Shepard, Mr. Smith Brookhart, Mr. and Mrs. Allen Barkley, Mr. and Mrs. Harry W. Dean, Mr. Harry Springer, Mr. and Mrs. Abram L. Linn, Mr. Clarence A. Aspinwall, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas H. Littlepage, Mr. and Mrs. Charles R. Mann, Dean and Mrs. William Allen Wilbur, Dean and Mrs. H. C. B. Borden, Dean and Mrs. William Whitney Borden, Dean and Mrs. William Cline Borden, Dean and Mrs. Henry Grattan Doyle, Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Louis Kaysor, Dr. and Mrs. E. C. Seikert, Dean Henning and Miss Alice B. Henning.

New York Society.

Special to The Washington Post.

New York, Jan. 12.—Mr. and Mrs. J. Gordon Daniels, who were at the Sun Plaza, have gone to Palm Beach for the remainder of the winter.

H. Edward Manville has returned to Mayfair House from Baltimore, where he was seriously ill for several weeks.

Miss Julia Bell has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Woodbury Blair in Washington. Mr. and Mrs. Perry Belmont gave a luncheon party for her, and Mrs. Richard Townsend was among others who entertained in her honor.

\$155,000.00 Worth of Bedroom Furniture Sharply Reduced

\$165,000.00 Worth of Dining Room Suites at Large Reductions

\$136,000.00 Worth of Karpen Upholstered Furniture Reduced

\$50,000.00 Worth of Chinese and Oriental Rugs Sharply Reduced

\$22,000.00 Worth of Beds and Bedding Share in the Savings

\$145,000.00 Worth of Living Room, Library and Hall Pieces Reduced

\$11,000.00 Worth of Artistic Almco Lamps Priced at Much Less

\$8,000.00 Worth of Colonial Desks and Secretaries Reduced

Also Hundreds of Other Pieces, Too Numerous to Mention, Included

MAYER & CO.

Seventh Street

Between D and E

W. B. Moses & Sons

9:15 to 6

F Street at Eleventh

Main 3770

Moses

February

Furniture Sale

Begins Today

A February Sale in January—Why?

During the past few years we have found it impossible adequately to handle the February Sale volume of business in four weeks, so we have advanced the opening of the sale to January 13th to enable us to render better and more efficient service to our customers.

Each piece of furniture in this sale is from regular stock and not sale merchandise; each represents sound, honest value. Every dollar's reduction means an actual saving of just that amount to you.

This sale affords you an opportunity to beautify your home with furniture of quality and beauty at lowest prices. Every piece of furniture on our floors is included in this sale.



YOUR BOY AND YOUR GIRL

By ARTHUR DEAN, S.C.D.

The Parent Counselor

Mr. Dean will answer all signed letters pertaining to parents' problems with boys and girls. Writers names are never printed. Only questions of general interest are answered in this column, but all letters will be answered by mail if written in ink and a stamped self-addressed envelope is inclosed. Address Arthur Dean, in care of this paper.

An Excursion.

(Continued from Yesterday.) RECEIVED a mail bag stuffed with replies from readers regarding some present popularly expressed and half-baked ideas advocated by certain exponents who look upon marriage as an excursion and not as a responsibility. Correspondents make it as said you serve, whence it is anything, and are severely scolded by a majority of readers. It was heartily endorsed by others. I quote briefly:

"In such a marriage there should be no children until the young people are willing to assume their own and support the child." Eating the chocolate and leaving the cake.

"It is only a matter of a short time, undoubtedly, before we will either marry secretly or commit some regrettable folly. Our case is only one of the many. Several of my friends, including my own brother, are having the same misfortune. I am beginning to feel that it's not easy. Yes, of course, and under the new notions of running life if one wants a thing take it regardless. Men are in prison for stealing, murdering, absconding, and heaven knows what else because they have lived this doctrine."

"As Iago says in Shakespeare's Othello the Moor of Venice: 'making the beast with two backs' is the motive for this schoolboy and girl stuff. Nothing more. And no high-flown romancing nonsense it." This girl married secretly when in college. She is now divorced.

"My father did not wish to be a granddaddy before the graduation of his son—but he was with two of us sisters and took it most gracefully. Sometimes I feel sorry for him for I think the dreams for were shattered." Started out to pay for a college education for two daughters and ends up with a pair of babies.

"If we have a trial marriage once, why not two, three or as many as you like? Fill the world with countless children, and then let the State and the Nation provide for them." Surely. That's the idea. Shift the individual burden upon the State or relatives just as the auto theft lets the owner walk home.

"I thank God that our parents, whether one believed in compensation, marriage. After twenty years of knocks our love is stronger than ever." The older generation developed on "knocks." Some of the younger generation would ignore the law of compensations. They still use their textbooks certain laws of nature and then, ostrich-like, bury their heads in the sand.

"In this case of that hideous marriage which called forth your articles, I recommend public spankings of both

(Copyright, 1928.)

HOW TO KEEP WELL

By DR. W. H. EVANS

To the limit of space, questions pertaining to hygiene and prevention of disease will be answered in the space available, with as much detail as possible. Personal replies will be made to inquiries, under proper limitations, when return stamped envelope is enclosed. Dr. Evans will not make diagnosis or prescribe for individual cases.

HARM OF ALCOHOL ON THE UNBORN.

BALINTYNNE, a very distinguished Scotchman of large experience and broad learning in the subject of prenatal influence, gives it as his opinion that drunkenness in the parent is harmful to the child. He has often seen it done biologically. The economic side of the question he puts to one side.

The study from which I quote related to several phases of the prenatal life of the child. One of his conclusions is that nothing the human parent can do will shorten the size of the unborn child. That decision is regulated somewhere. Man does not even know where or how with any certainty. But, what is more to the point, whatever decides is protected against any human interference.

Another opinion that he holds is that most congenital deformities start within the first eight weeks of the life before birth. Various kinds of infection, trauma and accidents can produce such deformities. We have not much scientific information as to the cause of human deformities.

In the second period of the life before birth, it is, between the eighth week and the ninth month, the child is considerably influenced by what happens to it. The parents walk too hard, the baby will probably feel the effect. Pinard of France thinks it highly important that pregnant women who work should be allowed an extra hour or two for rest during the course of the day.

He feels that it is possible to influence the nutrition of the child enough to impair its health by starving the mother. The body of a pregnant woman will rob its own teeth and bones to supply the baby with lime. It will rob itself of fat to meet the baby's need. Nature goes to extremes to protect the unborn babe.

But there is a limit beyond which the child cannot protect. However, during the World War the reasonably strong babies born to badly undernourished mothers in Germany and Austria was frequently written about.

Babies are born with immunity to certain diseases. Immunity which has been passed to them through the mother's body. Other immunities are passed

How Many Can You Answer?

(Answers Will Be Found on the Last Page.)

1. When was the Spanish American War fought?

2. What famous American orator said: "I know not what course others take; but as far as for me, give me liberty or give me death."

3. Where is the capital of Persia?

4. Which three of these animals are cud chewers—the llama, the giraffe, the tapir, the camel, the caribou, the bison?

5. About how far is it from Paris to Constantinople?

6. What is the meaning of the Greek words, from which Philadelphia is derived?

7. From what poem, by whom, are these three opening lines: "The curfew tolls the knell of parting day."

The lowing herd winds slowly o'er the lea."

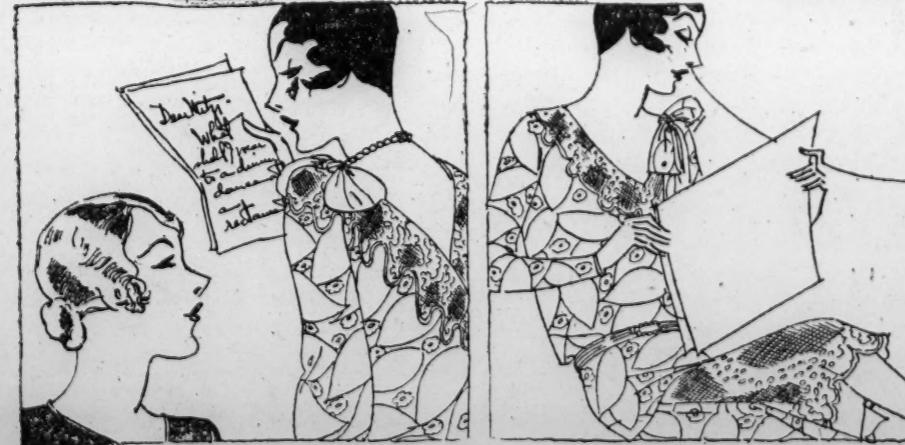
8. Who was Saladin?

9. Where is the capital of New York State?

10. Is a lazaretto a Mexican article of dress, a pest house or a jail?

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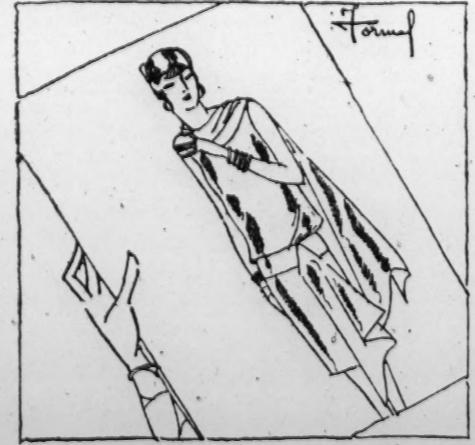
MODISH MITZI



Ruth B. writes Mitzi that she is going to a dinner dance at a restaurant. What shall she wear? It would have helped, says Mitzi, if Ruth had told us what restaurant she is going to. I hardly know how to advise her properly. Mitzi's secretary observes that Mitzi is wearing a printed silk with a most unusual irregular yoke.

(All rights reserved by The George Matthew Adams Service—Trade Mark Registered U. S. Patent Office.)

Mitzi Answers Another.



If the restaurant is a quiet one Ruth should wear a semiformal dress, whereas, if it is exclusive and has a gay atmosphere nothing less than a formal evening gown will be keeping. (You see here that Mitzi's dress repeats the lace on the skirt which has draperies at the side extending below the skirt.)

Mr. Work's Pointer On Auction Bridge

HAVING concluded the consideration of original one No Trump bids at Contract when made by Dealer, See Part II after one pass, Third Hand after two passes, or South Hand after three passes; we will now consider similarly original bids of one of a suit.

I am more liberal than many in advocating high initial suit-bids because I am strongly impressed by the many advantages that a suit-bid has as compared with a pass. It is apt to produce a partial score; it is apt to give the partner valuable information; it is apt to shield the adversaries out of an adverse suit bid, and it will tell the partner what to lead if the adversaries get the contract. For these reasons I believe in making suit-bids with practically the same strength as in Auction Bridge, but of course one will depend upon who will not sweep a suit-bid of one without the requisite strength. But there are two holdings with which suit-bids are conventional in Auction Bridge, with which I would pass in Contract with a four-card suit instead of a King-Queen. One is a side Ace, or with a five-card suit headed by an Ace (no other face card in the suit) and a side Ace I would pass if playing Contract. I would bid with these holdings in Auction, although both are doubtful bids, but in Con-

tract I believe them to be distinctly undesirable. All other suit-bids which are conventional in Auction for a Dealer, or Second Hand after Dealers pass, or Third Hand after two passes, should be made in Contract, although in some instances in Contract the size of the bid would be reduced.

The following hands, concededly light, would make sound Contract suit-bids of one for a Dealer or Second Hand after Dealer's pass.

No. 1	No. 2
♦ A-X-X	♦ A-X-X
♦ X-X-X	♦ X-X-X
♦ X-X-X	♦ X-X-X
♦ X-X-X	♦ X-X-X

These are the minima and are recommended only when facing a dependable partner and when held by a player who, if he becomes Dealer, will make all the tricks. In the hands above I would pass; and for a player doubtful of his ability to play the hand perfectly, or for a player facing a partner apt to overbid, I would recommend a pass even with those hands.

(Copyright, 1928.)

BEAUTY AND YOU

By VIOLA PARIS

ABOUT SUPERFLUOUS HAIR.

"A NNA C." wants to know what she may use to bleach the hair on her legs that is noticeable under sheer stockings.

To such growth apply equal parts of hydrogen peroxide, lemon-juice and spirit of ammonia once a day with absorption. The solution should dry on the skin.

"A. N." wants to remove entirely the hair on her legs and arms. She has already started shaving. Since she has done this, she should not shave again with a safety razor, and then prevent from appearing above the skin by using toilet pumice-stone in the bath over the area where the growth exists. The legs must be well soaped and the pumice applied. This method must be kept up each day without fail. The shaving is necessary only two or three times yearly. A little hawthorn or hand lotion and dusting powder should be used after drying the skin. It is much better to bleach the hair on the forearms than to shave it.

Bertha Z.: Yes, ether may be used as an astrigent, or special wash for enlarged pores. It will not grow hair. You haven't sufficiently described your blenches for me to suggest what to do for them.

"Everywoman": The most satisfactory way to remove ugly superfluous hair, either armpits or legs, is electrolysis—but only an expert operator should be entrusted with the work.

(Copyright, 1928.)

HORIZONTAL
1 Long, narrow grove
2 Fermented
3 Confide
4 Pernicious
5 Declared
6 Call down evil
7 Prohibited
8 Supplied with fuel
9 Alkali solution
10 Desist
11 Expression of impatience
12 Liking the taste
13 Homeless street wanderer
14 In addition
15 Covered colon
16 Clad sharply
17 Mistake
18 Obligated for payment
19 Long, flexible
20 Designate again

VERTICAL
1 Crust over wound
2 Park up stake manner
3 Leap beyond exhibition
4 Dreaming fabric
5 Stimulated
6 Slack
7 Selection by ballot
8 Angels
9 Egg-shaped fishes
10 Seize with teeth
11 Snow vehicle
12 European plums
13 Remote
14 Anger
15 Subject to influence of ether
16 Tending to treat
17 Negative
18 Fish
19 Grazes
20 Sheep
21 Speck
22 Ascended
23 Unit of metric measure
24 Unaspirated
25 Small collection
26 Used needles and thread
27 Abandoned working (mining)

SOLUTION OF PRECEDING PUZZLE

SCOOB **GROAV**
PALLAS **GRINGO**
END **THREE** **ERR**
NORTH **ATER** **EM**
TEARS **TAKES**
PI **ATATI**
TIT **ANDOOR** **DORY**
OM **HALIMON** **YIO**
TRAWL **ISALON**
ODE **HOP** **PIT**
YAM **SHAREM** **VIA**
EDILES **RESEN**
46 **TER** **TINGE**

(Copyright, 1928.)

WIVES OF TOMORROW

By FRANCES McDONALD

Leap Year.

EAR Miss McDonald: I am a young man, 20 years of age, who is in great need of advice and am sure you can help me. I am engaged.

I have been studying telegraphy for some time and expect to be finished about five months. I wish to discuss this study and go into business because my girl wishes me to marry her and she has no money financially so I can buy out some business.

My mother thinks I ought not to marry until I am finished with my telegraphy course, and then work and save up some money, so I could be independent on some one who has money.

I am a steady reader of your column and I will be looking forward for your answer every day. Thanking you in advance for some advice. JOE

Yours truly, W. H. EVANS

TO CURE PALLAGRA.

R. W. writes: My sister has had pallagra for five years. Is there such a thing as being cured of it?

We have done everything for her, but she doesn't get much better.

It has been demonstrated that pallagra can be cured as well as prevented by diet.

The best diet is one that contains a good deal of yeast and lean meat. Your physician or dietitian can get the details from him. You know of the Goldberger of the United States Public Health Service. Most of his articles appear in the weekly United States Public Health Report.

If the antipallagra diet is to be used for a considerable time it must contain vegetables, fruit, bread and milk as well as lean meat and yeast.

Another opinion that he holds is that most congenital deformities start within the first eight weeks of the life before birth.

Various kinds of infection, trauma and accidents can produce such deformities. We have not much scientific information as to the cause of human deformities.

In the second period of the life before birth, it is, between the eighth week and the ninth month, the child is considerably influenced by what happens to it. The parents walk too hard, the baby will probably feel the effect.

He feels that it is possible to influence the nutrition of the child enough to impair its health by starving the mother. The body of a pregnant woman will rob its own teeth and bones to supply the baby with lime.

It will rob itself of fat to meet the baby's need. Nature goes to extremes to protect the unborn babe.

But there is a limit beyond which the child cannot protect. However, during the World War the reasonably strong babies born to badly undernourished mothers in Germany and Austria was frequently written about.

Babies are born with immunity to certain diseases. Immunity which has been passed to them through the mother's body. Other immunities are passed

on to babies after birth through the mother's milk.

Yours truly, W. H. EVANS

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE WASHINGTON POST":

Will you kindly print the following in your paper:

"We are beginning to suspect that an annoying penchant for plausible prevarication purely for purposes of printed publicity—that's what double talk is—is becoming quite common among some of theankles are so weak as to require strapping or a brace. These ankles are usually the ankles of women who are wearing stockings.

Women like this have the ankles pointing forward and the feet are rotated in a complete circle, strengthen the ankles.

You are slightly overweight for your height, and a little after shave, diet, taking only simple wholesome foods and no sweets, and more exercise outdoors, will easily reduce you to ideal weight. Besides, at 15, a few pounds one way or another make almost no difference, for that is the growing age.

Bertha Z.: Yes, ether may be used as an astrigent, or special wash for enlarged pores. It will not grow hair.

You haven't sufficiently described your blenches for me to suggest what to do for them.

"Everywoman": The most satisfactory way to remove ugly superfluous hair, either armpits or legs, is electrolysis—but only an expert operator should be entrusted with the work.

The actress in which Nazimova is singing is Mine. Alla Nazimova, who has discovered that her leading engagement ends before that of the

actress, will wear orthopedic shoes that are made for the especial support of the ankles. Low heels are better than high. If your ankles are so weak as to require strapping or a brace, you should like this.

Women like this have the ankles pointing forward and the feet are rotated in a complete circle, strengthen the ankles.

You are slightly overweight for your height, and a little after shave, diet, taking only simple wholesome foods and no sweets, and more exercise outdoors, will easily reduce you to ideal weight. Besides, at 15, a few pounds one way or another make almost no difference, for that is the growing age.

HIGHEST PRICES SCORED NEAR CLOSE OF TRADING

Few Motors Gain Sharply;
Market Slows Down
From Rapid Pace.

METAL STOCKS STRONG

Special to The Washington Post.

New York, Jan. 12.—Trading in stocks slowed down considerably from the rapid pace of the earlier days of the week, while prices fluctuated uncertainly and closed, as a rule, moderately higher. The best prices scored in the last hour, when General Motors took the lead and gained almost 3 points. Continued buying of easy credit conditions, with call money ruling at 4 per cent, failed to encourage buying on an extensive scale. The day's turnover was about 2,100,000 shares.

For the most part, price changes on the day were small. Here and there, some rather sizeable gains were registered. Christie Copper reached a new high at 116 and closed at 116 1/2. Green Copper closed with a net gain of 5 points.

United States Steel produced a net advance of 10 1/2. Green Copper, 116; United States Steel, 116 1/2; Bethlehem Steel, 116 1/2; American Smelting and Refining, 116 1/2; International Nickel, 116 1/2; and Du Pont, 116 1/2.

General Motors gained 2% on the day, after having been more than 1 point up at one stage.

The market's reluctance to move far in either direction was interpreted in some quarters as a indication that the recession was over and that the technical condition of the Federal Reserve Banks had been greatly improved. The usual rumors that the Federal Reserve Banks would raise its discount rate this afternoon were going the rounds during the day, but they received little attention.

Apparently the more aggressive of the stock market pros from carrying their favorites higher and traders who had sold for the decline in some stocks on that day found attempts to cover rather easily, as prices rose spiritedly against them.

Under the leadership of Brooklyn Edison, aggressive buying of the Metropolitan Utilities made for sharp upturns in that group.

Railroads were quiet and virtually

without any real change. It appeared they have dropped back into a rut and will be some time before the carriers are able to emerge in any brilliant way.

At the moment there is little indication of any move in Washington to provide legislation designed to facilitate merger proceedings. So far as freight loadings and earnings are concerned, comparison of such statistics for the first few months of 1927, with those of the period of 1927, are not exact, as it is to be in any way stimulating.

Revenue marked a period of unprecedented growth in the first four months of last year.

Metals stocks were conspicuous, with

International Nickel the noteworthy

rise here, but has been accompanied by frequent reference to Canadian investment buying and the large earnings expected to materialize from the company's great French Mine. Just now, however, the street has been inclining to the strength here, like that in a number of other recent instances, may be the forerunner of an offering of additional stock to present holders on an attractive basis.

Copper were galvanized into activity on the rise again by one of the periodically frequent rises which are now more or less frequent in Greene, Cananee Copper, National Lead, Wabash Bros. and House.

Strong features of the market sell in stocks like Mattheisen, Alkali, Borden, General Asphalt, Pilsbury, etc. Transcontinental Oil recovered sharply in recent depression on the news of the bringing in of oil wells in the Pecos district.

More stocks moved with the disappearance of a highly encouraging forecast for the first quarter of the year by the head of the General Motors Corporation. This development was followed by a brisk run up in automobile shares, largely at the expense of shorts, with Generals Motors in the van.

Sterling, bought in large blocks, rose slightly, while Dutch rates improved 2 points. Pieters early fell 7 points, but snapped back briskly and finished a point net higher.

CHICAGO STOCKS.

Reported by W. B. Hibbs & Co.
Bid Asked

Armour & Co. of Ill. pf. .89% 89%

B. & K. Corp. 67 1/2 67 1/2

Bearce Bros. pf. .46 47

Borg & Beck Ry. pf. 67 67 1/2

Chi. & Co. Ry. com. 100 100

Com. Edison 168 169

Consumers com. 100 100

C. & C. Bank 55 55

Fair com. 35 36

Globe Corp. 180 182

Great Lakes Dredge 255 258

Illinois Brick 41 1/2 42

Ind. Nat'l. Bank 11 1/2 12

M. Honeywell 81 82

Middle West Util. com. 128 129

Middle West Util. pf. 119 120

Montgomery Ward com. 102 102

National Leather 200 200

Pine Winter Front 72 73

Pub. Serv. Com. 100 com. 160 162

Pub. Serv. 6% com. 120 122

Quaker Oats com. 112 114

Stewart, Wm. R. Thompson 97 98

J. R. S. G. 59 61

Wrigley Co. 86 87

Yellow Tax. 72 73

41 42 42 1/2

*Ex dividend.

FOREIGN BONDS.

French 4% 99 97

British Govt. 4% 100 102

British War Loan 5s 100 100

Italian Notes 1925 102 102

Belgian Reparation 5s 99 98

Belgian Premium 5s 95 95

Reported by J. W. Seigman & Co.
Bld. Offer

3 Mar. 1929 99-26-32 99-32

3 Mar. 15, 1929 99-32-32 100

Sept. 15, 1932 99-30-32 100

3 Mar. 15, 1932 99-30-32 100

3 Mar

GOOD BUYING RESUMED IN LEADING RAIL BONDS

General Trading Shrinks—U.
S. Government Issues
Steady and Quiet.

SOME FOREIGNS ACTIVE

New York, Jan. 12 (A.P.)—Buying of some of the leading railway bonds was resumed in today's market, which displayed an undertone of firmness. Trading was in shrinking volume, however, and quiet ruled over most groups. There was a more cheerful feeling over the monetary outlook, which was in a measure justified when the Federal Reserve Bank, after the close, made no change in its rediscount rate of 3½ per cent.

Although public offerings for the week have been in relatively small volumes, presenting little competition to the listed market, several large issues are reported on the way. New financing, which may aggregate \$80,000,000, by the Pennsylvania Power & Light Co. is said to be in the process of negotiation, and the Republic of Cuba and the City of Rio de Janeiro are understood to be seeking loans of \$50,000,000 and \$30,000,000, or so, respectively.

Some railroads, which have been buoyant on the International Commerce Commission approval of the reorganization of the road, were somewhat lower today on realizing. Indianapolis & Louisville 4s and Chicago, Indianapolis & St. Louis 5s moved into new high ground, while buyers were attracted by Chesapeake Corporation 8s, Denver & Rio Grande Western 5s and Missouri Pacific 5s.

An early gain in New England Telephone 4½s was wiped out by realizing and International Telephone 4½s turned downward. Armour of Delaware 5½s lost ground, probably due to small earnings reported by the parent company. California Petroleum 5s continued firm on merger talk.

In the foreign division there was some buying of British national bonds and a few Italian industrials. The list was generally steady, with a firm under-

lying tone.

United States Government issues were steady and inactive. The bondholders protective committee for Dominion Iron & Steel 5s has agreed to sell all bonds deposited with them to the National Bond & Share Co., of Toronto, provided at least \$3,480,000 are to be deposited.

Bonds gained 4½ points yesterday, but were steady in today's session.

Public offering will be made tomorrow at prices to yield about 8.30 per cent of a new issue of \$10,000,000 National Electric Power Company five.

LOCAL STOCK EXCHANGE

Sales—Regular call, 11:15 a.m.

Wash. P. Telephones pf., \$1,000 at 101½.

Wash. Gas 6s, 36. Ser. B, \$500 at 100½.

Wash. Ry. & Elec. 4s, \$500 at 102½.

Wash. Tract. Co. 3 at 109½.

Potomac Elec. 5½ pf., 5d, at 108½.

at 108½.

Washington Gas Light 5 at 84½.

First National Bank, 5 at 245, 10 at 246.

Peoples Drug Stores pf., 10 at 121½.

After call, 10 at 121½.

Wash. Tract. Five, \$500 at 105, \$500 at 105, \$1,000 at 102.

Natl. Mfg. & Inv. pf., 100 at 5½.

MONEY.

Call loans at 5 and 6 per cent.

BONDS.

PUBLIC UTILITIES.

Bid Ask.

Amer. Tel. & Tel. conv. 4s... 99½

Am. Tel. & Tel. conv. 4½s... 99½

Am. Tel. & Tel. conv. 5s... 99½

Am. & Pot. Riv. R. 1st 5s... 99½

Am. & Tel. & Tel. conv. 5s... 101½

C. & P. Tel. of Va. 5s... 101½

Capital Tract. Inst. 5s... 101½

Capitol Building, 1st 5s... 99½

Corporation Gas 5s... 100

Pot. Elec. 1st 5s... 101

Pot. Elec. Power cons. 4s... 103

Pot. Elec. Power cons. 5s... 103½

Wash. Alm. & Mt. Ver. cft. 4s... 102

Wash. Gas & Elec. 5s... 89

Wash. Gas & Elec. 5s... 95

Wash. Gas Co. Ser. A 6s... 108½

Wash. Gas Co. Ser. B 6s... 108½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. cons. 4s... 91½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. cons. 5s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 4s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 5s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 6s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 7s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 8s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 9s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 10s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 11s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 12s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 13s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 14s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 15s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 16s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 17s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 18s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 19s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 20s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 21s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 22s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 23s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 24s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 25s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 26s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 27s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 28s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 29s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 30s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 31s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 32s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 33s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 34s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 35s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 36s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 37s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 38s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 39s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 40s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 41s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 42s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 43s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 44s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 45s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 46s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 47s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 48s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 49s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 50s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 51s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 52s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 53s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 54s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 55s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 56s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 57s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 58s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 59s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 60s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 61s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 62s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 63s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 64s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 65s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 66s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 67s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 68s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 69s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 70s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 71s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 72s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 73s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 74s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 75s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 76s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 77s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 78s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 79s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 80s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 81s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 82s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 83s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 84s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 85s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 86s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 87s... 103½

Wash. Ry. & Elec. conv. 88s

MARCONI, WORKMAN UP, SCORES AT NEW ORLEANS

Start Is Poor Out of New Machine

War Eagle Is Second After Extending the Victor in Stretch.

Elizabeth, Leonard in Saddle, Surprises in Fifth Race.

FAIR GROUNDS, NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 12 (UPI).—The starting gate was used in the Chantilly Stakes Handicap, which featured the card today. The start was very bad. The winner turned up in M. Goldblatt's Marconi, ridden by Workman. E. B. McLean's War Eagle was second and Samoed, ridden by Workman.

The new starting device was used for the second time today, and War Eagle and Chaff refused to go in the box. They were sent away on the outside. When Starter Hamilton pulled the webbing, War Eagle dashed away fully two lengths to the good while Marconi, which broke from the box, was away last.

Meanwhile, War Eagle, Gibbons and Shadwell cut out a quick pace. Workman, who had the mounted Marconi after the bunch, and in the stretch he took the lead and appeared to be winning easily when War Eagle came again and forced Workman to ride hard. War Eagle defeated Gibbons by three lengths.

F. P. Letellier uncovered another small looking colt in Wooloorac, which landed the purse in the first race after a long drive. Little Kid, favorite, was second.

Little Kid, Wooloorac, J. J. Brambrick and Rosa Sweep came into the final furlong in a bunch, but in the last sixteenth Wooloorac and Little Kid drew off, the former winning by a head.

P. T. Chinna put over one in the second event when his Dr. Fred, favorite, scored in a great finish, leading home Her Ladyship with Madam Princess third. The six furlongs was run in 1:13 3/4.

The stars were out of the starting gate. Dr. Fred went right to the front, made all the pace and won by a head. Her Ladyship was second, a length ahead of Madam Princess.

Adam's Apple, under Finner's hustling ride, defeated Jean Bond in the third race. Gee Eff Cee was third.

The start ruined what ever chance Jean Bond had. As the barrier went up she was backing away from it, and was left lengths back of the field. However, she was sent after, closed gamely, and she just failed to get up. Adam's Apple won by a nose.

The snapshots put over a real good thing in the fifth even when N. H. Jackson, with Leonard up, was winner, defeating Amicar, with Muldown third. Muldown cut out the early running, leading home Amicar, who tired. Elizabeth then took command and won in a drive by half a length. Amicar took the place by four lengths.

In a decisive finish in the sixth race, a fairytale outside Workman to his mount, Fire Boy, a winner by a head. Cerulean, was second, and Wildcat third. Pickhorne cut out the early running, with Cerulean second.

Cerulean took the lead in the stretch but tired suddenly in the homestretch and won by a nose. Cerulean took the place by a length.

The last race was won by Nose Dive, who defeated Sargasso by a nose for the purse. John Johnson, Jr., was third, a length back.

HAVANA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Five and one-half furlongs; purse, \$500; claiming; for 4-year-olds and upward.

1. *Marconi, 100 1/2 Pence,

2. St. Augustine, 100 1/2 Pence,

3. Beatrice, Morse, 100 1/2 Count's Claridge,

4. War Eagle, 100 1/2 Golden Thistle,

5. *Elizabeth, 100 1/2 Clutch,

6. *Amicar, 100 1/2 Black Devil,

7. *Katy, 100 1/2 Kentucky Cardinal,

8. *Daffodil, 100 1/2 Sixteen Sixty,

9. Sweet Love, 100 1/2 Sweet Love,

10. *Handicap, Two furlongs; purse, \$800; allowances; the Munson Line; for 2-year-olds and upward.

11. *War Eagle, 100 1/2 Count's Claridge,

12. *Handicap, Two furlongs; purse, \$800; allowances; the Munson Line; for 2-year-olds and upward.

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LILLIAN CANNON, NOTED SWIMMER, TO COACH

Channel Star Engaged by J. C. C.

Pretentious Program Is Seen for Center Mermaids.

School of Fish Halted Instructor in Her Channel Try.

LILLIAN CANNON, former Baltimore girl, who achieved international fame by her attempt to swim the English Channel in company with Gertrude Ederle, has been appointed swimming instructor and coach at the Jewish Community Center, and will enter upon her new duties on Tuesday.

In addition to the regular weekly meets, which will be held in the center pool, Miss Cannon plans to organize a regular swimming team to compete with the leading swimming teams of the District and Maryland. Miss Cannon will also encourage swimming among her fair friends—not that she is lacking to develop any future channel aspirants, but to fit her charges for any emergency which may arise.

Marathon races from 10 to 15 miles will be arranged, in which swimmers may swim any distance they wish during a certain period until they have finished the route.

The appointment of Miss Cannon as swimming instructor is seen as a distinct boon for the Jewish Community Center. While distance swimming is her hobby at present, the former Bay Shore Club star is also a brilliant dash swimmer and holds several records, including the South Atlantic A. A. U. mark for the 30-yard dash.

Undaunted by her failure to conquer the rough waters of the English Channel last year when, after 18 miles out she was caught in a gale, Miss Cannon is still optimistic about her chances. While distance swimming is her hobby at present, the former Bay Shore Club star is also a brilliant dash swimmer and holds several records, including the South Atlantic A. A. U. mark for the 30-yard dash.

"If you don't succeed, try again," said Miss Cannon, hopefully. "I'm not the type of person who is afraid of channel swimmers. After they swim it once they want to try again."

Miss Cannon plans to engage in several long swims during the coming season as a means of preparing herself for the supreme effort, which seems to be the goal of most present-day swimmers.

Anacostia Eagle Five Beats Hyattsville, 23-19

Before one of the largest crowds which has ever witnessed a basketball game in the Hyattsville Armory, the Anacostia Eagles, District champion, defeated the P. Quintet, 23 to 19, last night.

Throughout the initial half, it was a nip-and-tuck battle. At the end of the first quarter, the score was 7 to 7, but a pair of sensational field goals by Strain and Clarke sent the Eagles into a 17-14 lead shortly before the period ended.

Despite the gallant efforts of the Guardsmen, the Eagles maintained their lead until final bell. Foremost in the Anacostia attack was Bert Thompson, whose brilliant floor game and defensive play were the outstanding features of the fray. Wright and Clark made a bang-up game for the Hyattsville Guardsmen.

In the preliminary, the Company F Reserves defeated the Naval Reserves, 30 to 15, in an interesting game. J. Shanklin, with 13 points, led the attack for the Reserves.

Passing Game Wins For St. Paul Five

St. Paul passers, with Scanlon and Dunan leading the attack, outscored the Whippets to the tune of 49 to 18. Garner was best for the losers.

Commercial, 11-20 Total: 6-7-10
Referee—J. Mitchell. Time of periods—10 minutes.

Werber and Councilor Star in Duke Victory

Columbia, S. C., Jan. 12 (A.P.)—After taking the short end of the count in the first half, the Duke University back reserves beat the second half reserves, trouncing the University of South Carolina Basketball Five by a score of 39 to 32.

Duke opened the first half with a burst of speed, but soon slowed up. In the second half, they displayed a marked improvement, and the Carolinas off their feet. Werber, guard, and Chandler, a forward, starred for South Carolina, while Werber and Councilor, with their all-round excellent work, starred for Duke. Janoski also played a good game for the visitors.

Mt. Vernons Defeat Tremont Five, 35-26

In a Senior Community Center League game the Mount Vernons defeated the Tremonts last night by the score of 35 to 26. This victory is the eighteenth in nineteen starts this season.

Tonight the Vernon tossers entertain the strong National Circle Quintet in the Wilson Normal Gymnasium at 8 o'clock.

AMATEURS BREAK RULES, SAYS RUNNER

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 15.

Paddock said he was certain the stars mentioned, whom he characterized as "simon-pure" amateurs, had no intention of capitalizing their athletic ability but rather they entered their athletic reputations would, in a strict sense, be certain to professionalize them.

The sprint star advocated overcoaching and overtraining of competition, and urged the professionalizing of athletes only in the sport in which they receive money for competition as means to eliminate what he termed the "false fitness and hypocrisy" that exists to day.

Paddock Charges Fail To Sir A. A. U. Interest

New York, Jan. 12 (A.P.)—Charley Paddock's revival of the amateur problem discussion today aroused little interest among officials of the Amateur Athletic Union.

"Apparently Paddock would like to associate with a few sweeps of the leading athletic authorities to see if they can help him solve the amateur problem," said Daniel J. Perris, secretary-treasurer of the A. A. U.

"Amateur rules have changed, but now probably not better and fairer now than before," Perris added.

TO COACH HERE



Track "Stepchild" Sport Of Schools, Declares Kelley

By MIKE KELLEY,
Central High School Coach.

TACKS of Tech, Eastern and Central are busily engaged in prepping for the few indoor meets in the first half of the year. The annual Fifth Regiments meet in Baltimore comes down to our trackmen last year, and expects a larger representation from the schools of the District this winter.

The length of time devoted by these schools to this major sport

and the rewards and opportunities for glory are the most remote of any of the major sports. When one considers that track candidates train for three years, while other indoor competitors become available almost at once, and then for one or two meets at the most, we should give more credit to these performers who really miss the glamor and the glamour that fails to the lot of those athletes engaging in the other sports.

Now in the spring, if it were not for the "C" Club games and the recently rejuvenated Maryland University Intercollegiate, track aspirants in the high schools will have little opportunity to bask in the scholastic spotlight that beams on the stars of other activities, since the annual public high school meet in May has not, in recent years, come in for much acclaim.

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And track would be receiving merely its due if all the schools gave it the backing and encouragement meted out to the other sports.

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WMAL WILL BROADCAST CONCERT BY PIANIST

Gertrude Henneman to Give Program During Arthur Jordan Music Forum.

CAVALIERS ON AT WRC

Gertrude Henneman, the well-known young Washington concert pianist, will be featured during the Arthur Jordan Music Forum from station WMAL at 9:15 o'clock tonight. Miss Henneman will leave immediately after this radio appearance on a concert tour which will take her as far south as Louisville, Ky., and as far west as Dubuque, Iowa.

Two young artists from the Washington Opera Company, Maxine Shaverly, soprano, and George Beuchler, basso, will be presented in a group of solos and duets.

"Deep River," the familiar negro spiritual of Harry T. Burleigh, will be sung by the Cities Service Cavaliers as part of their program with the Cities Service Concert Orchestra under the direction of Rosario Bourdon, at 9 o'clock tonight, from WRC.

Rosario Bourdon, the director of the piano and the arranger of several of the selections to be played, is one of best-known solo cellists of the day. Bourdon was born in Montreal in 1885 and began the study of the cello—a most difficult instrument for a child—but he soon overcame his difficulties and went to Europe to study and at 12 graduated from the conservatory at Ghent with highest honors. He then toured Europe as a child prodigy.

In 1910 he joined the New York Keweenaw Phonograph Recording Company as conductor and arranger. He is known for many notable contributions to the literature and technique of recorded music.

Features on the program are Victor Herbert's "Babette," the "Solvigne's Song" from Greig's "Peer Gynt" suite, "Allah's Holiday" from the almost forgotten "Katinka" of Rudolf Friml and "Carmen" from Bizet's famous symphony in G minor. An outstanding feature of the program will be the "Hungarian Fantasy" as a bassoon solo, of interest because the bassoon rarely is heard as a solo instrument.

Selections from Victor Herbert, Wagner, Friml and Greig will be heard in the program by the Anglo-Persians, under the direction of Louis Katzman from Station WRC at 9 o'clock.

In the program of the Palmolive Hour at 10 o'clock the permanently organized Palmolive Musical Stock Company will be featured. This organization is under the direction of Gus Haeschen. The vocal soloists, who

COLDS THAT DEVELOP INTO PNEUMONIA

Persistent coughs and colds lead to serious trouble. Cremosilum, an emulsified emulsion, the best blend to take. Cremosilum is new medical discovery with two-fold action: it soothes and heals the inflamed membranes and inhibits germ growth.

Of all known drugs, cremosote is recognized by high medical authorities as one of the greatest healing remedies for persistent coughs and colds and other forms of throat troubles. Cremosilum contains, in addition to cremosote, other healing elements which soothe and heal the infected membranes and stop the irritation and inflammation, while the cremosote goes on to the stomach, is absorbed into the blood, attacks the seat of the trouble and checks the growth of the germs.

Cremosilum is guaranteed satisfactory in the treatment of persistent coughs and colds, bronchial asthma, bronchitis and other forms of respiratory diseases, and is especially for building up the system after colds or flu. Money refunded if any cough or cold is not relieved after taking according to directions. Ask your druggist. —Advt.

Tonight at 8

Cities Service
Concert Hour

Cities Service Company and its 100 public utility and petroleum subsidiaries invite you to listen this evening to their radio concert.

The program is given by the Cities Service Concert Orchestra and the Cavaliers.

W-R-C
and 16 stations associated with
National Broadcasting Co.

are known as Olive Palmer and Ralph Oliver, are recognized stars who have proved their talent before invisible audiences.

A soprano with chorus, will sing the "Italian Street Song" from "Naughty Marietta"; there will be several numbers by a quartette, a specialty orchestra and a comedy team will offer "I'm gonna dance wid dis guy wot bring me."

The United States Marine Band Orchestra will be heard in a program from the Marine Barracks at 8:30 o'clock from WRC.

The overture to Offenbach's "Orpheus in the Underworld" will be played as the opening number by the band of Slumber Music from Station WJZ at 11 o'clock tonight. Other numbers will include Schumann's "Traumerei"; Victor Herbert's "Feurette" and Greig's piano piece, "Brook."

RADIO

FRIDAY, JANUARY 12.
LOCAL STATIONS.

EASTERN STANDARD TIME.

NAA—Arlington (425) Weather reports.

WRC—Radio Corporation of America (469 Meters) 640 Kilocycles.

6:45 a. m.—Town Hall Services.

8:00 a. m.—Moderation morning devotion.

8:15 a. m.—Parnassus Two.

8:30 a. m.—Civic Radio.

10:00 a. m.—Dr. Royal S. Copeland hour.

11:00 a. m.—Betty Crocker home service.

11:15 a. m.—Radio Household Institute.

11:30 a. m.—N. R. C. studio program.

11:45 a. m.—H. C. studio program.

11:50 a. m.—Arlington time signals.

12:00 (noon)—Farm Flasher.

12:15 p. m.—Organ recital.

12:45 p. m.—Musical Fair.

2:30 p. m.—United States Marine Band Orchestra.

4:45 p. m.—Beginner's course in French by Philip Dole.

6:00 p. m.—Cabinet Orchestra.

9:30 p. m.—Motion picture guide.

6:30 p. m.—Waldorf-Astoria Orchestra.

8:45 p. m.—Shopping with Bab, by Ethel M. Smith.

7:00 p. m.—Mayflower Orchestra.

8:00 p. m.—Cities Service Concert Orchestra.

9:00 p. m.—Correct time.

9:00 p. m.—Anglo-Persians.

10:00 p. m.—Lord Calvert Ensemble.

11:00 p. m.—U. S. weather forecast.

WMAL—Leeds Radio Co. (305 Meters) 1,240 Kilocycles.

12:00 p. m.—Brunswick Panopope Concert.

12:15 p. m.—City Club's Weekly Friday Luncheon Forum.

7:15 p. m.—News Flashes.

8:30 p. m.—Supper dance program.

8:30 p. m.—Stone Age Men Among Our Ancestors.

8:35 p. m.—Janet Coon, whistler.

8:35 p. m.—Frank Davis, dramatic reader.

9:15 p. m.—The Arthur Jordan Music Forum.

10:15 p. m.—Latest News Flashes.

WJAZ—New York (545 Meters) 860 Kilocycles.

7:30 p. m.—Baltimore Boys.

8 p. m.—Cabinet Orchestra.

9 p. m.—Wright's Review.

10 p. m.—Sharkey-Heaney bout.

11 p. m.—Slumber Music.

WEAF—New York (492 Meters) 880 Kilocycles.

7:30 p. m.—Baltimore Boys.

8 p. m.—Cities Service Orchestra.

9 p. m.—Anglo-Persians.

9:30 p. m.—La France Orchestra.

10 p. m.—Ben Bernie's Orchestra.

DISTANT STATIONS.

(Eastern Standard Time.)

Call. Location. Length. Time.

KDKA—Pittsburgh ... 315.0 6:00-12:00

KFAB—Foxworth ... 409.7 6:00-12:00

WBZ—Springfield ... 206.9 8:00-12:00

WBZA—Boston ... 333.1 8:00-12:00

WGI—Pittsburgh ... 481.5 11:00-2:00

KLGW—Portland, Oreg. ... 238.3 7:00-2:00

KLDK—Independence ... 238.3 7:00-2:00

WDOK—Louisville ... 325.9 8:30-12:00

KFO—San Francisco ... 422.3 10:00-12:00

KSD—St. Louis ... 845.1 8:00-1:00

WWD—New York City ... 845.1 8:00-1:00

KYV—Chicago ... 526.0 8:00-1:00

WAU—Columbus ... 282.8 7:00-12:00

WGR—Buffalo ... 202.8 8:00-12:00

WGZ—Boston ... 379.5 8:00-12:00

WGY—Albany ... 381.2 8:00-12:00

WHO—Des Moines ... 535.4 8:00-12:00

WIP—Philadelphia ... 348.6 8:00-12:00

WJAR—Providence ... 486.8 8:00-12:00

WJCI—Cincinnati ... 361.2 8:00-12:00

WJAZ—Chicago ... 263.0 9:00-1:00

WJJD—Mooseheart ... 365.5 8:00-1:00

WJLB—Chicago ... 305.8 8:00-10:00

WLIS—Chicago ... 344.6 9:00-2:00

WMAK—Lockport ... 545.1 8:00-11:00

WMC—Chicago ... 364.8 9:00-11:00

WMBF—Miami Beach ... 381.4 8:00-12:00

WMC—Memphis ... 516.3 8:00-12:00

WNAC—Boston ... 265.3 7:00-11:00

WTC—Cleveland ... 325.0 8:00-12:00

WOC—Davenport ... 332.7 9:00-12:00

WOB—Newark ... 422.2 7:00-11:00

WPA—Atlantic City ... 272.8 7:00-12:00

WRVA—Wheeling ... 361.2 8:00-12:00

WSAI—Cincinnati ... 361.2 7:00-12:00

WSE—Nashville ... 329.8 8:00-12:00

WTAM—Cleveland ... 369.8 8:00-12:00

WWJ—Detroit ... 352.7 8:00-12:00

WTAG—Worcester ... 516.3 7:00-12:00

THE GUMPS

THERE'S A LITTLE CHECK FOR \$11,000,000 THAT I AM SENDING TO COL. BONFES OF DENVER TO INAUGURATE ONE OF THE RNICEST PIECES OF PRACTICAL PHILANTHROPY THAT EVER EMULATED FROM A HUMAN BRAIN—

JUST LIKE OTHER TOWNS YOU WILL FIND PUBLIC FOUNTAINS ON EVERY CORNER IN SUMMER—BUT WHEN WINTER COMES THE WATER IS SHUT OFF—NOW I PROPOSE TO GIVE DENVER PUBLIC HOT COFFEE FOUNTAINS WHERE DAY OR NIGHT DURING THE WINTER MAY STEP UP AND HAVE A DRINK OF STEAMING HOT COFFEE FREE OF CHARGE—

A HUNDRED YEARS AGO THE PEOPLE OF DENVER DRANK DRUNKEN HOT COFFEE WHILE THEY BLEW THE NAME OF GUMP—AND WHEN THE FOUNTAINS ARE A SUCCESS IN DENVER I'LL START THEM IN OTHER CITIES—LATER ON I MAY ADD PIE AND HAM SANDWICHES—

SIDNEY SMITH
By U. S. Po. Office, Inc.
to the Chicago Tribune

By Bill Conselman and Charlie Flamb

ELLA CINDERS—Just a Premonition

EAT HEARTY—I NEVER EVEN LOOKED AT THE RIGHT-HAND SIDE OF THE MENU, AT THE FACE-OF-THE-BILL, SO TO SPEAK!

IF I'D KNOWN IT WAS GOING TO BE THIS GOOD, I'D HAVE GONE HUNGRY OFTEN—JUST TO BE IN TRIM FOR IT!

ALL THIS PUBLICITY HUMOR MAKES ME FEEL FUNNIER THAN I REALLY LOOK! I DON'T FEEL RIGHT ABOUT IT—if IT'S ON THE LEVEL, SO IS THE SUBWAY!

MY ONLY WORRY IS THAT THESE GUYS WILL GET SORE IN ANY MINUTE AND ONE OF US AND I GOT THE RADAR MAP AND WELL GET THE SHAKE WITH OUT EVEN A HAND IN IT!

SORRY TO INTERRUPT BUT I MUST SEE YOU IMMEDIATELY—IMPORTANT BUSINESS!

WHAT? do Ella's
proverbially
our
darts
it is
as
as
done?

Two of a Kind

GASOLINE ALLEY

IT'S NICE YOUR WORKING, UNCA WALT, SO WHEN I GO TO SCHOOL YOU CAN GO WITH ME.

YES, ISN'T IT?

DO YOU HAVE SATURDAY TO PLAY LIKE I DO?

NO BUT I'LL TAKE SATURDAY AFTERNOON OFF IN THE SUMMER TIME.

I'VE GOT TO LEAVE YOU HERE. I GO THIS WAY.

WELL WORK HARD, SKEEZIE. IT'S UP TO US MEN TO KEEP THE WOLF FROM THE DOOR.

GOD' BYE. UNCA WALT, SEE YOU AT RECESS!

QUIZ TO "VERIFY" POLICE EFFICIENCY STILL MYSTERIOUS

Demand for Examination of Promoted Men Came From Commission.

NAMES MADE PUBLIC OF 25 FACING ORDEAL

Is Intended "To Safeguard Rights," Only Explanation Officials Make.

More or less mystery still clung yesterday to the sudden determination to subject police officials promoted as long ago as 1925 to a noncompetitive examination Wednesday to "verify" their fitness for their positions they have been holding for months.

The names of those called upon to take the examination were disclosed. Their number had shrunk from the 27 originally summoned to 25 who actually reported, due to the circumstances that Sergt. Willard D. Vaughan died recently and Sergt. John J. Knight was found to have passed an examination before his promotion. Both were on the original list. The 25 who were examined were the following:

Captains—Chas. H. Bremermann, Maurice Collins, Frederick M. Cornwell and James E. Wilson.

Lieutenants—John E. Bowers, Frank S. W. Burke, Hugh H. Groves, Gustave Lauten, Sidney J. Marks, James D. McQuade and Jeremiah A. Sullivan.

Sergeants—William H. Detweiler, Capt. R. D. Harrington, Nelson C. Johnson, Odessa S. Hunt, Lloyd E. Kelly, John T. Langley, Oscar J. Lettermann, Ernest P. Myers, John L. Norris, Otha R. Sanders, Milton D. Smith and Eddie Williams.

All of them were promoted by former Commissioner Frederick A. Fenning except Capts. Wilson and Bremermann and Sergt. Bailey, who were promoted by Commissioner Proctor L. Dougherty.

Recommended by Evans.

Five of them were recommended for promotion by the late Inspector Charles A. Evans, who was acting superintendent of police prior to appointment of Maj.-Gen. E. Hesse.

Every one who discussed the case said that the order for the belated examination had no significance. It was intended only to safeguard the rights of the police officials themselves. Yet none could say what the state meant "nothing" why it was taken, and no one could explain why the Civil Service Commission had delayed so long in ordering the examination.

Many of the men whose promotions had in each case been reported to the Civil Service Commission, but admitted that the commission had not certified the men for promotion.

George R. Wales, member of the Civil Service Commission, said that he was so sure that there was nothing irregular in the promotion. He added that he could not explain the delay.

Sought by Commission.

He said that the examination was held because the District Commissioners and the Civil Service Commission jointly decided that it would be well to straighten out the status and records of the men by the examination of verification of the efficiency.

Commissioners could not remember having subscribed to such an understanding, but said that the demand for the examination came from the Civil Service Commission, which apparently had in mind the fact that the 25 men had been promoted without the formalities, if not actually required by law, at least deemed desirable by those whose responsibility it is to administer the civil service law and regulations.

Chamber Will Elect Officers On Tuesday

The Washington Chamber of Commerce will elect officers at the regular annual meeting of the organization to be held in the ballroom of the Willard Hotel Tuesday night at 7:30 o'clock. A successor to Martin A. Leese, the retiring president; a first and second vice president and ten new members to the board of directors will be selected.

Nominations for the board of directors are Harry M. Bedell, Robert L. McCleary, John J. McDonald, R. F. Hines, S. W. Hodge, Milton B. Zelien, Frederick Buchholz, Schley Zirklin, Edwin L. Davis, H. L. Kengla, John A. Eckert, Simon Nye, A. M. Burklin, Miss Mary A. Hendley, Mrs. C. W. Simpson, Mrs. George W. Boyd and Mrs. George Miller, all of this city.

NATIONAL REPRESENTATIVES OF WOMEN'S CLUBS CALL UPON PRESIDENT



Members of the board of governors of the National Federation of Women's Clubs photographed with President Coolidge at the White House yesterday. Left to right, center—Mrs. John D. Sherman, President Coolidge and Mrs. Edward T. White, first vice president.

JOHN C. DETWEILER'S RITES AT HOME TODAY

Retired Printer Will Be Buried at Glenwood Cemetery Monday Afternoon.

HEART DISEASE VICTIM

Funeral services for John C. Detweiler, 67 years old, former vice president of the firm of Judt & Detweiler, printers, who died of a heart attack yesterday morning at his home, 1428 Clifton street northwest, will be held Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock at the home. Burial will be in Glenwood Cemetery.

A native of Washington, Mr. Detweiler was educated in the public schools of this city and early was apprenticeship to his father, John C. Detweiler, who was senior partner. On the death of the late Frederick Detweiler he became a member of the firm. In 1925 he sold his interest and retired from business.

He admits that he smokes cigars, but does not spend from \$1 to \$1.50 a day for them, he declared. He also admits that he bought whisky for Christmas, but says he has not been drinking since. He denies that his wife threw what was left in the kitchen sink. Means also denies the charge of neglect.

SMOKING TO EXCESS DENIED BY HUSBAND

Lewis W. Means, provision salesman, 923 B street northwest, husband of Mrs. Edna Means, 1220 B street southeast, who is probably the first husband to smoke a quantity of cigarettes, cigar to excess and also charged with making himself ill with a mixture of sacramental wine and corn whisky, denied these charges yesterday in his answer filed through Attorney William H. Cooley. Means was sued for maintenance.

He admits that he smokes cigars, but does not spend from \$1 to \$1.50 a day for them, he declared. He also admits that he bought whisky for Christmas, but says he has not been drinking since. He denies that his wife threw what was left in the kitchen sink. Means also denies the charge of neglect.

MACNIDER'S PLACE FILLED BY ROBBINS

Takes Oath of Office as Assistant Secretary; Davis Lauds Predecessor.

Col. Charles Burton Robbins, of Cedar Rapids, Iowa, was sworn in as Assistant Secretary of War to succeed Hanford MacNider yesterday at the War Department. The oath of office was administered by Maj. Gen. John A. Hull, judge advocate general of the Army. The ceremony was conducted in the presence of Secretary of War Davis, Mr. MacNider and Assistant Secretary of War Joseph Davis.

Secretary of War Davis, in a letter sent to Col. MacNider commanding his services during the two years he served as Assistant Secretary of the War Department, said in part:

"You gallantly served in France, your service as national commander of the American Legion, and your business training gave you a background which, combined with your strong personality, remarkable qualities of leadership and dynamic energy, made you an ideal man for the position you have so ably filled since October, 1925. You have had a large part in bringing about the present healthy relations of cordiality and cooperation that exist among the components of the Army of the United States."

CIVIL SERVICE STUDY COMMISSION OPPOSED

Vermont Senator Holds Congress Can Obtain Data on Retirement.

Senator Dale, of Vermont, chairman of the Senate civil service committee, said yesterday that he was opposed to the creation of a commission to study civil service retirement. Such a commission was proposed in a bill by Representative Madden, of Illinois.

Senator Dale said that he thought the civil service committees in the House and Senate were able to get all the information necessary for a study of the retirement question.

In the House, Representative Cannon, of Massachusetts, asked the House to appropriate \$19,950,000 as the Government's share in the employees' retirement fund. If the Government does not pay this sum now, he said, the burden will be much heavier on taxpayers in the future.

\$8,272, SO FAR, RAISED IN BRIGHWOOD FUND

Contributions reported yesterday by teams working on the drive to raise \$10,000 to clear the Brighwood Park Methodist Episcopal Church of debt brought the total collections to \$8,272.

The amount reported yesterday by captains of teams and the totals raised by each team to date are: Mrs. H. F. Warner, \$293, making a total of \$958; Miss Jessie Smith, \$165, total \$1,120; Mrs. G. Brothman, \$123, total \$1,361; Mrs. E. R. Lindsey, \$120, total \$1,068; W. F. Stedford, \$260, total \$1,010; Frank C. Shaw, \$425, total \$900; and G. R. Mayton, \$115, total \$1,017.

Police Are Praised By Representative

The vindictive and brutal policeman should not be tolerated on the Metropolitan Police Force, Representative Edward H. Weston, of New Hampshire, declared last night before the Policemen's Association of the Capital Temple. The general force, Mr. Weston said, was out of the best with which he had come in contact.

Officers of the association were interested by Sergt. C. L. Dalrymple. They are: Patrick S. Torney, president; George W. Whelock, first vice president; F. M. McMillan, second vice president; W. J. Kearns, secretary; W. G. Adcock, treasurer; J. E. Wilson, financial secretary, and T. T. Heffernan, trustee. Horace W. Lineberg, retiring president, was presented with a jeweled pin, emblem of his services as president.

Four Plan Parachute Leaps From Airplane

Tempting the "Friday the 13th" in Maryland, Crockett, a student at the Army War College, and Sergt. Nels E. Swanson, Corp. B. A. Walsh and Private Emil Rastony, air corps, will make parachute jumps, weather permitting, from a plane piloted by Lt. R. I. Haven, air corps, over Bolling Field this afternoon at 1:30 o'clock.

Mal. Crockett has had application to make a jump on film for some time. The men will each carry two chutes and kapok vests to keep them afloat if they strike the Potomac River.

HERE ARE THE ANSWERS To Questions on Magazine Page

1. The Spanish American War was fought in 1898.

2. Patrick Henry said: "I know not what course others may take, but as for me, give me liberty or give me death!"

3. Isfahan is the capital of Persia.

4. The giraffe, the zebra and the bison are cud chewers. The llama, the camel and the tapir are not.

5. It is 1915 miles from Paris to Constantinople.

6. Philadelphia comes from Greek words meaning the City of Brotherly Love.

7. "The curfew tolls the knell of parting day,

The lowing herd winds slowly o'er the lea."

These are the opening lines of Thomas Gray's "Elegy in a Country Churchyard," usually known as Gray's Elegy.

8. Saladin was a famous sultan of Egypt and Syria, an enemy of the crusaders. He died in 1193.

9. In Albany, N. Y.

10. A lazarillo is a pest house.

(Copyright, 1928.)

OVER HERE—OVER THERE—

AFTER RIDING ROUGH-SHOD OVER THE WEAKENED FRENCH IN THEIR MAD RACE TOWARDS PARIS—THE GERMANS, SURPRISED AND CONFUSED FOUND THEMSELVES UP AGAINST A STONE WALL, IN THE THIN BUT DETERMINED LINE OF MARINES THAT STOOD BETWEEN THEM AND THEIR GOAL.

OUTNUMBERED IN MAN-INSTANCES AS MUCH AS FIVE AND TEN TO ONE—THE MARINES TOOK A HEAVY TOLL FROM THE ENEMY BY THEIR DELIBERATE AND WELL AIMED RIFLE FIRE.

THIS AMERICAN ARTILLERY, RUSHED TO THE SUPPORT OF THE "LEATHERNECKS" ON JUNE 3, 1918 LAID DOWN A CONSTANT AND HEAVY BARRAGE THAT PREVENTED THE ENEMY FROM MAKING ANY FURTHER ATTACKS AT THAT TIME.

THE STAND AT LES MARES FARM, SEEMING AT THE TIME TO BE BUT AN UNIMPORTANT PART OF A LARGER OBJECTIVE HAS TAKEN ITS PLACE IN THE HISTORY OF THE WAR AS THE POINT NEAREST PARIS REACHED BY THE GERMANS DURING AMERICAN PARTICIPATION.

THE ENEMY HAD BEEN STOPPED, BUT HE WAS STILL TOO CLOSE TO PARIS FOR COMFORT. THE MARINES WERE NOW TO TAKE THE INITIATIVE, BEFORE THE GERMANS COULD REORGANIZE THEIR ATTACK, IN THE BATTLE OF BELLEAU WOOD.

STOPPED BY THE MARINES AT LES MARES FARM

MARYLAND FARMERS FIGHT MALL MARKET BEFORE COMMITTEE

Want Permanent Site Selected at Once, They Tell House Group.

50 CITIZENS FILL ROOM AT OPENING HEARING

Opposition in Congress to Temporary Location Near Park, Gibson Says.

The farmers of nearby Maryland do not want a temporary produce market established for them on the edge of the Mall behind Center Market, the House subcommittee investigating the market situation was told last night.

Representatives of the farmers asked the committee to select a permanent market site at once, and they asked further that this site be north of Pennsylvania avenue. They said they were willing to put up with any inconveniences while a permanent market was being established.

Three citizens oppose both the recommendations made to Congress by the District Commissioners, who suggested that the market be temporarily located near Center Market and eventually in Southwest Washington, south of Pennsylvania avenue.

They contend last night, the first of a series of four, was held in the office of the District committee in the House Office Building. Fifty citizens were crowded into the room, while 30 or more stood in the back in the corridor and peered through the door.

Opposition to Mall Site.

Representative Ernest W. Gibson, of Vermont, chairman of the subcommittee, announced at the outset that there was much opposition in Congress to locating a temporary farmers' market near the Mall.

It had been planned to allow the advocates of some particular site to make arguments last night, but Representative Gibson decided such arguments should be postponed because of the absence of the Democratic members of the subcommittee. These two members, Representatives Norton and Whitehead, presented at the Jackson Day dinner, were absent, and the committee declared this the only conclusion that could be drawn from McAdoo's remarks.

Under the Wilson plan, which provides a merged traciton system capitalized at the \$50,000,000 figure and the appointment of a head of the community to use over a period of years and administer the collection of any returns in addition to guaranteed 7 per cent, the former Secretary declared.

Holiday Present System Wasteful.

If not used for establishment of a saving fund, this might be applied to a fare adjustment of fares, the speaker said, holding it possible for the community to dispense with fares for school children.

On the other hand, should the merged company be allowed to retain 7 per cent return on the fare, the community would reap the benefit of any enhancement in value over a period of years and administer the collection of any returns in addition to guaranteed 7 per cent, the former Secretary declared.

Representative Gibson suggested a general disbursement of market funds, called "Col. William B. Ladue," Engineer Commission of the District, to explain why the Board of Commissioners had decided on a temporary location for the market.

Ladue Assumes Stand.

Col. Ladue said it was thought wise to refrain from establishing a permanent market until it could be seen where the commission men and the wholesale men were going to move after they, like the farmers, make way for the Federal building program.

He said a temporary market could be established behind Center Market for about \$32,000, this sum being required to erect temporary sheds. He estimated the temporary market would remain between one and two years.

Although sites were not supposed to be chosen, the Marylanders laid the groundwork for an argument in favor of the Eckington, or Northeast site. Every one of them expressed the hope that the permanent market would be north of Pennsylvania avenue. This was the opinion of Carroll, of Carroll, who was advancing the midtown site. None of the representatives of the Southwest side made his presence known, although there were several present.

Buzzards Point Located.

Among those who argued against establishment of a permanent market were T. B. Simons, of College Park, Md., who represents the organized farmers in Prince Georges County; H. A. Friday, of Rivertown; L. J. Harrison of Suitland, and O. W. Anderson, of Rockville.

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